

## **Operating Instructions**

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Warning Indicates procedures that must be strictly observed to prevent hazards to persons.



**Caution** Indicates procedures that must strictly be observed to prevent damage to, or destruction of the equipment.

#### Figures

The references to figures, e.g. (1/2) consist of the Fig. No. and the Item No. in that order.

### Leybold-Service

If a pump is returned to Leybold, indicate whether the pump free of substances damaging to health or whether it is contaminated.

If it is contaminated also indicate the nature of the hazard. Leybold must return any pumps without a "Declaration of Contamination" to the sender's address.

#### Disposal of waste oil

Under the amended law relating to waste disposal dated November 1, 1986 (valid in the Federal Republic of Germany) the disposal of used oil is subject to new provisions. According to legislation relating to waste disposal the so-called principle of causality is applied. Hence, anyone in possession of used oil is responsible for its proper disposal.

Used oils coming from vacuum pumps must not be mixed with other substances.

Used oils from vacuum pumps (LH-oils on the basis of mineral oils) having been affected by normal contamination due to oxygen from the ambient air, increases in temperature and mechanical wear, must be disposed of as used oil in accordance with the regulations.

Used oils from vacuum pumps that have been contaminated by other substances must be labelled, stored and disposed of as special waste with reference to the kind of contamination.

If you send a pump to LEYBOLD for repair please indicate any harmful substances existing in the pump oil or around the pump.

When disposing of used oil please observe the safety regulations that are valid in your country.

We reserve the right to modify the design and the specified data. The illustrations are not binding.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The Leybold RUVAC vacuum pump is designed for safe and efficient operation when used properly and in accordance with this manual. It is the responsibility of the user to carefully read and strictly observe all safety precautions described in this section and throughout the manual. This product must be operated and maintained by trained personnel only. Consult local, state, and national agencies regarding specific requirements and regulations. Address any further safety, operation and/or maintenance questions to your nearest Leybold Vacuum office.

#### Warning

#### Failure to observe the following precautions could result in serious personal injury.



• Before beginning with any maintenance or service work on the RUVAC, disconnect the pump from all power supplies.



- Do not operate the pump with any of the covers removed. Serious injury may result.
- If exhaust gases must be collected or contained, do not allow the exhaust line to become pressurized.
- Make sure that the gas flow from the exhaust port is not blocked or restricted in any way.
- The standard version of the RUVAC is not suited for operation in explosion hazard areas. Contact us before planning to use the pump under such circumstances.
- Before starting up for the first time, the motor circuit must be equipped with a suitable protective motor switch. Please take note of the information in these Operating Instructions or on the electric motor (wiring diagram).
- The RUVAC is not suited for pumping of
  - combustible and explosive gases or vapours
  - radioactive and toxic substances
  - pyrophorous substances.
- The RUVAC must be integrated in the system control arrangement so that the pump can not run-up automatically after it has been shut down by the temperature switches in the motor. This applies equally to emergency shut-down arrangements. After having determined the fault cause, the pump should be switched on manually again.
- Avoid exposing any part of the human body to the vacuum.
- Never operate the RUVAC without a connected intake line or blank flange.
- The location at which the RUVAC (including its accessories) is operated should be such that angles over 10° from the vertical are avoided.
- The location of the RUVAC should be such that all controls are easily accessible.
- Under certain ambient conditions the RUVAC may attain a temperature of over 80 ℃ (176 ℃). There then exists the danger of receiving burns. Note the symbols on the pump pointing to the hazards, and in the case of a hot pump wear the required protective clothing.

#### Warning



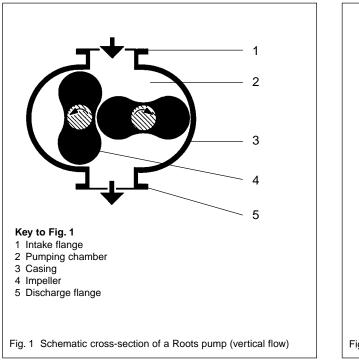
The noise level produced by the RUVAC is about 63 to 72 dB(A). Make sure that suitable protection measures are taken to protect the hearing.

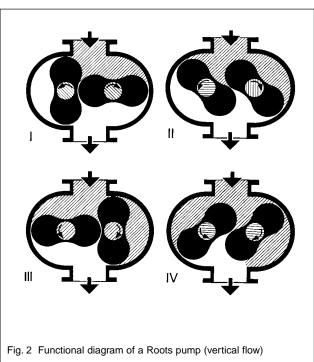
- Before pumping oxygen (or other highly reactive gases) at concentrations exceeding the concentration in the atmosphere (> 21 % for oxygen) it will be necessary to use a special pump. Such a pump will have to be modified and de-greased, and an inert special lubricant (like PFPE) must be used.
- Before commissioning the RUVAC, make sure that the media which are to be pumped are compatible with each other so as to avoid hazardous situations.
   All relevant safety standards and regulations must be observed.
- It is recommended to always operate the RUVAC with a suitable exhaust line which is properly connected.
- When moving the RUVAC always use the allowed means. A lifting eye is provided as standard on the pump.

#### Caution

#### Failure to observe the following precautions could result in damage to the pump:

- Do not allow the ingestion of small objects (screws, nuts, washers, pieces of wire, etc.) through the inlet port. Always use the screen which is supplied with every pump.
- Do **not** use the pump for applications that produce abrasive or adhesive powders or condensable vapors that can leave adhesive or high viscosity deposits. Please contact Leybold Sales for selecting the right separator.
- Before pumping vapors, the RUVAC should have attained its operating temperature. The pump will have attained its operating temperature about 30 minutes after starting the pump. During this time the pump should be separated from the process, by a valve in the intake line, for example.
- In the case of wet processes we recommend the installation of liquid separators upstream and downstream of the pump so as to avoid a massive influx of liquid into the pump.
- The exhaust line should be laid so that it slopes down and away from the pump so as to prevent condensate from backstreaming into the pump.
- In order to prevent the transfer of vibrations from the RUVAC to other parts of the system we recommend the use of corrugated hoses or compensators on both the intake and the exhaust sides.
- The entry of particles and fluids must be avoided under all circumstances.
- Corrosion, deposits and cracking of oil within the pump are not allowed.





# **1 Description** 1.1 Design and Function

The RUVAC WS and RUVAC WSU are Roots pumps driven by a canned motor.

The WSU types have a pressure balance line between the discharge and intake flanges.

The RUVAC WS and WSU are lubricated with mineral oil or perfluorized polyether (PFPE) in the case of the PFPE models. Apart from the lubricant the mineral oil and PFPE models are identical in type.

Only the RUVAC WS/WSU PFPE can be used for pumping greater than atmospheric concentrations of oxygen or very aggressive or hazardous gases.

## 1.1.1 Principle of Operation

Roots pumps - also known as Roots blowers - contain in their pump casing (1/3) two symmetrical impellers (1/4) rotating in opposite directions. The impellers have roughly the cross section of a figure "8" and are synchronised by a toothed gearing so that they move past each other and the casing without contact but with a small clearance.

The principle of operation is explained in Fig. 2.

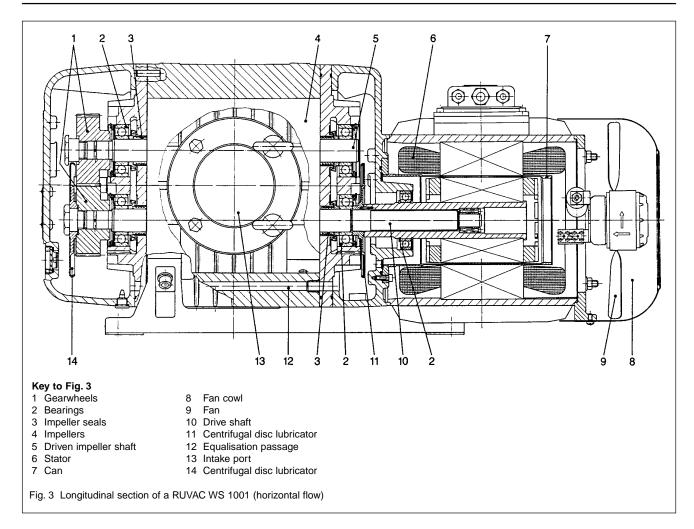
In impeller positions I and II, the volume in the intake flange is increased. When the impellers rotate further to position III, part of the volume is sealed off from the intake side. In position IV, this volume is opened to the discharge side, and gas at backing pressure (higher than the intake pressure) flows in. The inflowing gas compresses the gas volume pumped from the intake side. As the impellers rotate further, the compressed gas is ejected via the discharge flange.

This process occurs twice per complete revolution of each of the two impellers.

Due to the non-contacting rotation in the pumping chamber, Roots pumps can be operated at high speeds (standard n = 3,000 rpm at a mains frequency of 50 Hz). Thus a relatively high pumping speed is attained with small pumps.

The pressure differential and compression ratio between the intake and discharge sides are limited on Roots pumps. If the allowable pressure differential is exceeded, the pump overheats.

In practice, the maximum attainable pressure differential is significant only in the rough vacuum range (p > 10mbar), whereas for pressures in the fine vacuum range (p < 1 mbar) the attainable compression ratio is decisive.



RUVAC pumps from the WS/WSU range have been specifically designed for operation in the rough and fine vacuum ranges. They are thus either used in connection with backing pumps or in closed gas cycles. The pump's power consumption depends not only on the pumping chamber volume and the rotational speed of the pump, but also on the pressure differential between the discharge and intake flanges (see Fig. 7).

## 1.1.2 Design

RUVAC Roots pumps can pump gas in the vertical or horizontal direction.

Although the pumping chamber of Roots pumps is free of sealing agents and lubricants, the two gearwheels of the synchromesh gearing (3/1) and the bearings (3/2) are lubricated with mineral oil or with PFPE. The gearwheels and bearings of the RUVAC are located in two side chambers which also contain the oil supply.

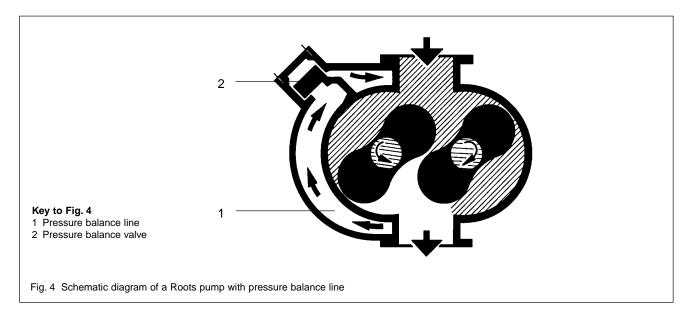
These two side chambers are separated from the pumping chamber by the impeller seals (3/3). During operation of the pump, the side chambers are evacuated via the impeller seals. The side chambers are linked to each other by two passages (3/12). These passages are arranged so that for either horizontal or vertical flow the pressure will be equalised between the oil supplies.

In both side chambers there are integrated oil pumps to ensure that the bearings and gearwheels receive sufficient lubricant at all recommended speeds.

RUVAC WS/WSUs are driven by a canned motor. In such a motor, the rotor and stator coils (3/6) are separated by a vacuum-tight can (3/7) made of non-magnetic material. The rotor runs in the vacuum on the pump's drive shaft (3/10); thus a shaft feedthrough to the atmosphere is not needed.

With the standard motors, the RUVAC WS/WSUs can run on either 50 Hz or 60 Hz power supplies.

For the permissible electrical connection data with respect to these frequencies, see Section 1.3.



Incorporated in the motor's stator winding is a thermal switch which turns off the pump when the motor temperature is too high.

RUVAC WS/WSUs are air-cooled. The airflow for cooling the motor and pump is produced by a fan (3/9) with its own drive motor under the motor's fan cowl (3/8).

**Caution** When operating the pump via a frequency converter you must ensure that the drive motor for the fan is connected to the mains.

## 1.1.3 Pressure Balance Line

The RUVAC WSU has an integrated pressure balance line (4/1). It links the discharge and intake flanges via a pressure balance valve.

If the pressure differential between the flanges is too large, the valve opens (4/2). Some of the gas which has already been pumped then flows back through the line to the intake flange.

The valve is weight- and spring-loaded so that it works with both vertical and horizontal flow of the pump.

As a result of this pressure balance line, no additional devices are needed to protect the pump against excessive pressure differentials. The RUVAC WSU can be switched on at atmospheric pressure at the same time as a backing pump. As a result, the pumping speed of the pump combination is increased even at high intake pressures.

## 1.1.4 Lubricants

RUVAC WS/WSU pumps are, as standard, prepared either for operation with mineral oil, synthetic oil or the special lubricant perfluoropolyether PFPE).

Other types of oil (white oil, for example) upon request.

**Caution** If mineral oil and PFPE come into contact they will emulsify. That's why the pumps must only be run with the type of lubricant specified for the pump. If you want to change the type of lubricant LEYBOLD should do the change.

In case of operation with mineral oil we recommend our vacuum pump oil N 62 (HE-200 in the USA). In case of operation with PFPE we recommend our NC 1/14 (HE1600 in the USA).

PFPE pumps are marked by an additional red label at the oil-fill screw.

The Operating Instructions GA 07.009 "PFPE for Vacuum Pumps" will be enclosed with any RUVAC PFPE. Observe the handling notes for PFPE collected in these Operating Instructions.

## 1.1.5 Flange Connections

The cast flanges on the pump's body comply with DIN 2501, nominal pressure 6.

The pumps are supplied with different collar flanges:

Pumps with Cat. Nos. beginning with 117... are equipped with ISO-K collar flanges. This standard can be applied in all other parts of the world.

## 1.2 Standard Specification

RUVAC WS/WSUs are supplied for vertical flow as standard unless you specifically request horizontal flow.

Before delivery the oil has been drained out. The quantity of mineral oil, synthetic oil or PFPE oil required for operation has been included separately.

Pumps with Cat. Nos. beginning with 117... are supplied with a sealing disc, a blank flange and an ISO-K collar flange fitted with the required number of screws.

The intake flanges of all pumps contain a wire mesh dirt trap and have been vented with nitrogen for protection against corrosion.

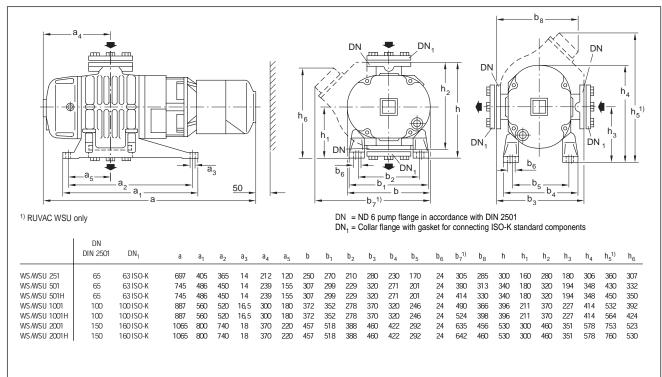
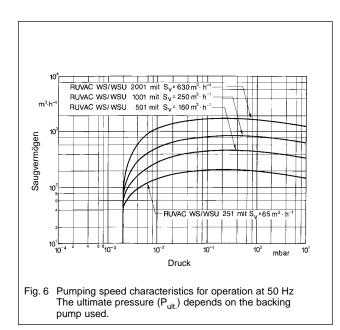
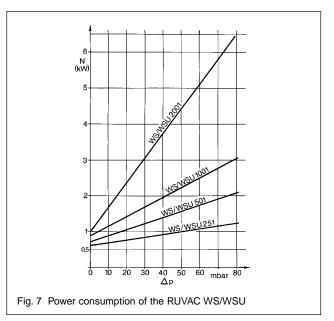


Fig. 5 Dimensional drawing for the RUVAC WS/WSU





# 1.3 Technical Data (SI units)

RUVAC WS / WSU		251	501	1001	2001			
Nominal pumping speed <sup>1</sup> )	m <sup>3</sup> ⋅ h <sup>-1</sup>	253	505	1000	2050			
Maximum pumping speed (at a pumping speed for the backing pump of)	m <sup>3</sup> ⋅ h <sup>-1</sup> m <sup>3</sup> ⋅ h <sup>-1</sup>	210 65	450 160	890 250	1850 630			
Possible cut-in pressure (RUVAC WS at a pumping speed for the backing pump of)	mbar m <sup>3</sup> · h <sup>-1</sup>	31 65	37 160	27 250	22 630			
Maximum allowable pressure differential in continuous operation	mbar	80	80	80	50			
Leak tightness	mbar · I ·s <sup>-1</sup>		1.	10 <sup>-4</sup>				
Permissible ambient temperatures (Mineral oil and PFPE)	°C		12 -	40 °C				
Permissible voltages at the motor's fan	AC	230 V / 50/60 Hz and 265 V / 60 Hz						
Mains voltage at the motor, 50 Hz	V	200 V (-5 %) - 230 V (+10 %) / 400 V (±10 %) <sup>4)</sup>						
Mains voltage at the motor, 60 Hz	V	V 200 V (-5 %) - 265 V (+10 %) / 460 V (±10 %) <sup>4</sup> )						
Motor power, 50 Hz	kW	1,1	2,2 4,0		7,5			
Nominal speed, 50 Hz	min <sup>-1</sup>	3000	3000	3000	3000			
Max. permissible speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	6000	6000	6000	4200 <sup>3)</sup>			
Motor protection category	IP	20	20	20	20			
Lubricant filling <sup>6)</sup> • <b>PFPE</b> - vertical flow - horizontal flow		1.Filling <sup>5)</sup> / 2.Filling 0,6 0,55 0,5 0,45	1.Filling <sup>5)</sup> / 2.Filling 0,85 0,75 0,75 0,7	1.Filling <sup>5)</sup> / 2.Filling 1,95 1,75 1,2 1,1	1.Filling <sup>5)</sup> / 2.Filling 3,8 3,5 2,6 2,4			
• other types of oil - vertical flow - horizontal flow	I	0,65 0,6 0,5 0,45	0,9 0,8 0,75 0,7	2,0 1,8 1,2 1,1	3,85 3,6 2,6 2,4			
Weight WS / WSU	kg	90 / 95	130 / 135	228 / 233	458 / 465			
Collar flanges	DN	63 ISO - K	63 ISO - K	100 ISO - K	160 ISO - K			
Noise level 2)	dB (A)	< 63	< 63	< 68	< 72			

RUVAC WS	117 22	117 32	117 42	117 52
RUVAC WS ANDEROL 555	I	1	101 83 <sup>7)</sup>	150 44 155 000 <sup>3)</sup>
RUVAC WS PFPE	117 27	117 37	117 47	117 57
RUVAC WS 100 Hz <sup>8)</sup>	-	-	-	167 007
RUVAC WS - PFPE 100 Hz <sup>8)</sup>	-	-	-	150 95
RUVAC WSU	117 23	117 33	117 43	117 53
RUVAC WSU PFPE	117 28	117 38	-	-
RUVAC WSU 100 Hz <sup>8)</sup>	-	-	-	150 96
RUVAC WSU (H) with ACE vibration absorber	-	118 33	118 43	118 53

Cat. Nos.

<sup>1)</sup> as per DIN 28400 ff
 <sup>2)</sup> at an operating pressure < 10<sup>-1</sup> mbar at 1 meter distance
 <sup>3)</sup> upon request also available with a speed of 6,000 rpm
 <sup>4)</sup> at Kat.-Nr. 150 44 - 230/400 V ±10 %, 50/60 Hz
 <sup>5)</sup> after a complete disassembly
 <sup>6)</sup> authoritative, however, is the oil level at the oil-level glass, see Fig. 8 and 9
 <sup>7)</sup> horizontal flow
 <sup>8)</sup> Impeller, balanced

		Nominal power / Nominal current at <b>50 Hz</b>				Nominal power / Nominal current at 60 Hz						
Pump model	20	0 V	23	0 V	40	0 V 0	200	-208 V	26	65 V	46	50 V 05
	KW	Α	κw	А	КW	Α	κw	Α	κw	Α	κw	Α
WS 251 WSU 251 WS/WSU PFPE 251	0,9	4,8	1,1	5,5	1,1	3,2	0,9	4,8	1,4	5,5	1,4	3,2
WS 501 WSU 501 WS/WSU PFPE 501	1,6	7,8	2,2	9	2,2	5,4	1,6	7,8	2,4	10	2,4	5,8
WS 1001 WSU 1001 WS PFPE 1001	3	13	4	15,7	4	9,1	3	13	4,4	14,7	4,4	8,5
WS 2001 WSU 2001 WS PFPE 2001	5	21	7,5	26	7,5	15	5	21	8,5	26	8,5	15

## Voltage ranges for the canned motors of the RUVAC WS/WSU pumps

**Caution** The motor overload protection switch must be set to the nominal current stated in the table in each case. The separate fan current may only be operated within the permissible voltage range (230 V, 50 Hz and 265 V, 60 Hz) as otherwise the fan will be damaged, especially so when using a frequency converter. In the case of deviating voltages you must use a transformer.

## 1.4 Accessories

CatNo.	
Set of gaskets	Pressure switch PS 115 (stainless steel)160 04
WS/WSU 251	
WS/WSU 501	Accessories for mounting PS 115
WS/WSU 1001	Adapter
WS/WSU 2001	Right-angle bend DN 16 KF
	Centering ring DN 16 KF, 2 x
Oil pressure switches	Clamping ring DN 16 KF, 2x
	Contact amplifier SV 110
Oil drain facility (M 16 x 1.5) - with right-angled drain coupling	- 220 V
3	<b>Oil N 62</b> *,5l
ACE vibration absorber	<b>Oil HE-200</b> *,1 gal
WAU/WSU 501	PFPE NC 1/14,11
WAU/WSU 1001	<b>PFPE HE-1600</b> ,2 lb
WAU/WSU 2001	<b>Oil ANDEROL 555</b> ,11

\* N 62 is an oil grade of LH Cologne, and HE-200 is an oil grade of LHVP Export. They are interchangeable. For other quantities, see catalogue. This applies similarly also to NC 1/14 and HE-1600.

# 2 Transportation and Storage

Roots pumps are heavy machines (> 70 kg) made of cast iron and thus should only be lifted using suitable lifting equipment tied to the eye (8/3) provided for this purpose.

**Caution** Before transporting the pump always drain out the oil (see Section 5.2). Screw the oil-drain plug with its gasket back in and wipe any oil droplets off from the casing.

The pump should be transported and stored in a horizontal position (5° max. tilt with respect to its longitudinal axis). Otherwise there is the danger that oil from the side chambers may enter the pump chamber, even before the pump is filled with oil for the first time. **Caution** When shelving the pump for a longer period of time you should seal off the flanges of the pump with a piece of foil or the cardboard discs initially supplied with the pump using the collars. Place a bag with desiccant in the pump chamber, if required. Before operating the pump once more do not forget to remove this bag first.

Pumps having a filling of PFPE should be sealed off in a gas-tight manner and vented with nitrogen.

The area of the motor (fan and slits at the flange of the motor) must be protected against dust and dripping water.

# 3 Installation and Connection

**Caution** Only fill in the oil *after* having installed the pump.

In the case of the RUVAC WS PFPE also observe the additional information provided in Operating Instructions GA 07.009.

# 3.1 Installation

Install RUVAC WS/WSU pumps on a flat, horizontal surface (5° max. tilt).

If the pump is not level, lubricant may enter the pumping chamber from the gear chambers.

Keep the air intake and exhaust ducts for cooling the motor unobstructed (for minimum clearance with respect to the fan cowl, see Fig. 5).

The pump's ambient temperature should be between 12  $^{\circ}$ C and 40  $^{\circ}$ C. Lower temperatures hamper run-up; higher ones shorten the lubricant change intervals and may lead to greater wear.

Special oil for operation at temperatures below 12  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$  is available upon request.

**Caution** Install the WS/WSU pumps only in rooms with a roof. Motor and fan cowl are rated as IP 20 and are thus not protected against drip water and condensing water.

Secure the pump. Four bores in the feet are provided for this purpose.

**Caution** When bolting the feet down, make certain that there is no stress or twist on the pump casing. Stress on the pump can change the close tolerances between the impellers and the pump casing and may result in damage to the pump (use washers to equalise).



Since compensation elements must be attached to the flanges on the suction and pressure sides, the screws for attachment of the feet must always be fitted and tightened.

Use the following screws:

RUVAC	251/501:	4 x M 12
RUVAC	1001/2001:	4 x M 16

## 3.2 Filling in of the Lubricants

The lubricant needed for running the pump is supplied in a separate container.

Unscrew the oil-fill plug (11/3) and add lubricant.

An oil without additives and of viscosity class ISO VG 100 (formerly SAE 30) must be used for the pump. We recommend the use of our special oils N 62, ANDEROL 555 or HE-200. As PFPE we recommend our NC 1/14 or HE-1600. Please consult us if you intend to run the pump with other oils or special lubricants.

With the pump at standstill, the correct oil level for a pump with vertical pumping action is in the middle, in the case of horizontal pumping action, 4 mm over the middle of the oil level glass (8/2), see also Fig. 9.

Caution When operating the pump with PFPE, the correct oil level must be as shown in Fig. 8. If the oil level is too low, the bearings and gearwheels are not lubricated adequately; if it is too high oil may enter the pumping chamber.

> Clean the oil-fill port and screw the plug back in using a gasket which is in perfect condition.

> The oil-fill port must be sealed air-tight. Entry of air from the outside may cause oilcontaining gas to enter the pumping chamber via the impellers seals.

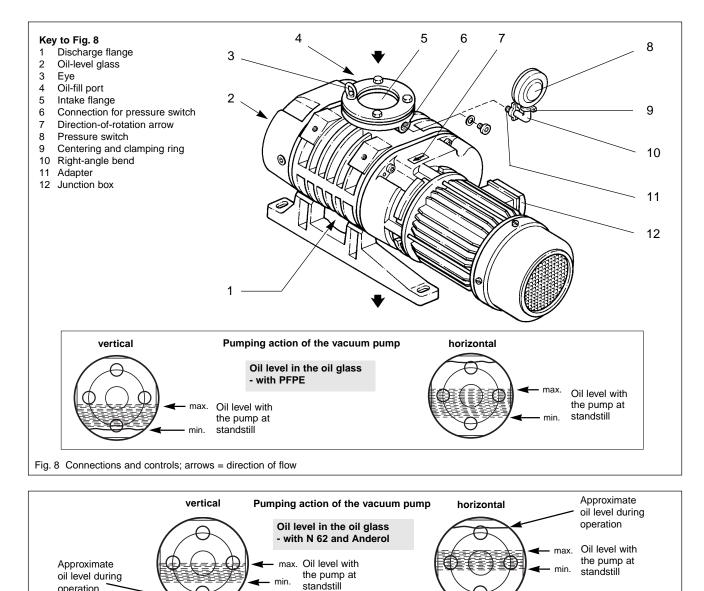


Fig. 9 Oil level in the oil glass

operation

# 3.3 Electrical Connections

Warning Disconnect the mains before doing work on the wiring.

The electrical connections must only be provided by a trained electrician in accordance with the regulations of the IEC 64 international series of standards.

For proper connection, a suitable motor protection switch must be used. Set the switch in accordance with the rating on the motor nameplate.

The pumps of the RUVAC WS/WSU series may also be operated by a frequency converter. For maximum speeds, refer to Section 1.3.

Please note, that at increased speeds and at the available maximum power, the max. permissible pressure difference (see Section 1.3) is no longer obtained.

**Caution** Especially when operating the pump using a frequency converter you must ensure by means of a separate mains connection for the fan's motor that is connected to the right supply voltage and frequency. Otherwise the fan will be damaged.



Always provide an uninterrupted connection for the protective ground conductor connecting it in a professional manner. Never leave the protective ground conductor for the pump unconnected.

Connect the pump to the correct mains voltage through the terminals provided in the junction box (see Fig. 10).

Do not link control circuits to the power circuit of the motor. Observe the wiring diagrams of Fig. 10.

**Caution** When connecting the motor you must also connect the thermal switch of the pump motor and the fan motor (for recommendations, see Fig. 10).

Only the PG fittings provided on the junction box may be used.

After connecting the motor and every time you alter the wiring, check the direction of rotation.

Never allow the pump to run in the wrong direction or with open flanges for a longer period of time.

An arrow (8/7) on the motor flange shows the correct direction of rotation for the impeller connected to the motor shaft. To check rotation, switch on the motor briefly and observe the direction of impeller rotation through the pump's intake and then immediately switch off again.



Wear protective goggles for protection against particles which may be forced out of the flange opening. Keep your hands away from the flange opening.



The impellers should move up from the center and drop down to the side.

If this is not the case, disconnect the pump from the mains and interchange two mains phases.

Even if the pump has been already firmly connected to the piping, you may determine the direction of rotation.

For this, evacuate the vacuum system down to a pressure below 20 mbar with the aid of the backing pump. Then switch on the RUVAC briefly; now the pressure must drop. If the pressure increases or remains constant, the RUVAC is turning in the wrong direction.

Then rewire as described above.

**Caution** The built-in fan is driven by a separate single-phase motor and may thus not be used to determine the direction of rotation of the pump.

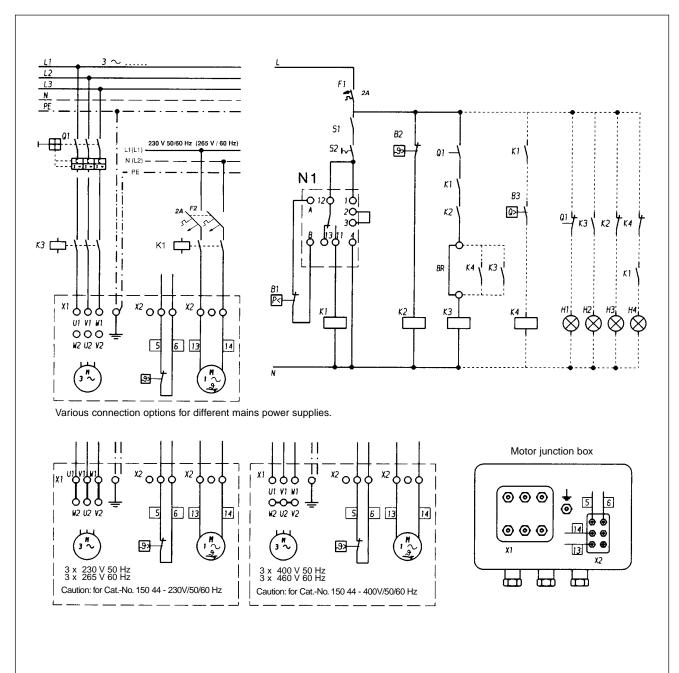
Its direction of rotation is independent of the pump and doesn't change when you interchange the phases.

Connecting the fan to the terminals for the motor is not allowed.

The fan should be connected via a separate cable to 230 V, 50/60 Hz or 265 V/60 Hz. A voltage of 265 V/60 Hz must not be exceeded. In a case of deviating voltages an appropriate transformer must be used.

In no single phase 230 V/50 Hz or 265 V/60 Hz mains power is available, the motor of the fan may be connected between two live conductors. A wiring diagram is provided in the junction box of the motor.

The RUVAC can be automatically switched on and off via a contactor using a pressure switch and the contact amplifier SV 110 (see Section 1.4).



#### Key to Fig. 10

- B1 Pressure switch PS 115
- B2 Limit switch, coil temperature
- B3 Flow monitor (fan)
- K1 Relay for fan motor
- K2 Relay for temperature monitor, pump's motor
- K3 Relay for Roots pump motor
- K4 Relay for fan monitor
- N1 Contact amplifier SV 110 (220 V 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 110 - 130 V, 50/60 Hz)
- S1 External switch contact
- S2 Switch contact
- F1 Fuse, control circuit Q1 Motor protection switch

Signal lamps

- H1 Motor protection switch: OFF
- H2 Roots pump: ON
- H3 Coil temperature: TOO HIGH
- H4 Cooling air: BELOW MINIMUM

#### Links

BR on extension : - - remove link

#### Note

The above control circuit is designed so that the Roots pump cuts in only if the pressure drops below the set pressure level (B1).

Fig. 10 Electrical connection

The threshold of pressure switch PS 115 is freely adjustable.

The contact amplifier is identical for all pressure switches.

Pressure switches and contact amplifiers with explosion hazard protection are available upon request.

After removing a screw plug, the pressure switch (8/8) together with an adapter (8/11) and a right-angle bend (8/10) can be mounted on the bore (8/6).

When doing so, ensure proper sealing and air-tight installation.

It is advisable to mount the switch vertically to reduce the entry of contaminants.

# 3.4 Connection of the Flanges

**Caution** Already small quantities of liquids (from the vacuum chamber or the piping) can lead to liquid damages within the pump. These may lead to a deformation of the impellers and may entirely destroy the pump. Suitable protective measures should be provided as required in the piping on the suction side (separator, T-piece).



Warning

The RUVAC WS/WSU pumps have not been designed to pump ignitable or explosive mixtures without additional protection.

If the pumps are none-the-less to be used under such conditions, the customer himself must ensure that proper measures for the purpose of protection against explosions (pressure monitor, flame arresters etc.) are introduced in line with the requirements of the applicable laws.

Explosion protected canned motors (temperature class T 3 or T 4) are not available. Consult us for advice.

**Caution** The RUVAC WS pumps is vented with nitrogen. Only remove the packing flanges before immediate connection.

If not already done, remove the protective shipping covers, cardboard pieces, foil or packing flanges from the flanges (8/5) and (8/1).

We recommend that you retain the transport flanges of the WS PFPE in case you want to store the pump at a later date.

Clean the flanges and check that the sealing surfaces are in perfect condition.

Flange the pump to the vacuum system.

Caution Don't place any stress on the pump casing when installing the intake and exhaust lines. Fit compensation elements in order to avoid such stresses. When attaching the pump directly (without bolting down the feet) to the forevacuum pump, you must always use on the pressure side the full number of screws defined by the flange standard (ISO-K, DIN or ASME) whereby these must comply with the

demanded property class rating. You must also check whether the backing pump is rigid and stable enough to support the load of the RUVAC pump in each case.

The dirt-trap which is supplied with the pump should always be fitted into the intake flange when there is the possibility of contaminants entering the pump coming from the vacuum chamber or the piping. Even with clean vacuum processes, contaminants from the system may enter upon initial start-up. Depending on the operating conditions, the dirt trap may reduce the pumping speed of the pump.

Observe the maintenance information provided in Section 5.1.

# 4 Operation

# 4.1 Start-up

Check the pump motor's direction of rotation (see Section 3.3).

## RUVAC WSU

The RUVAC WSU can be started together with the backing pump at atmospheric pressure.

It is protected against excessively high pressure differentials by a bypass line.

## RUVAC WS

Do not switch on the RUVAC WS until the backing pump has evacuated the vacuum vessel to the cut-in pressure.

For processes in which condensable vapours are pumped, it is advisable to evacuate the vacuum vessel via a roughing line to the cut-in pressure. Electrically switch on the Roots pump together with the backing pump and cut it in upon reaching the cut-in pressure. The initial bypassing of the Roots pump serves to prevent condensation of vapours in the cold pump.

The permissible cut-in pressure depends on the ratio between the Roots pump and the backing pump. It can be calculated according to the following formula:

$$p_E = \frac{p_{max}}{k_{th} - 1}$$

Cut-in pressure  $p_{F} =$ 

Maximum permissible pressure differential  $p_{max} =$ (see technical data)

 $k_{th} =$ Theoretical compression ratio

= nominal pumping speed of Roots pump / pumping speed of backing pump.

#### Example: Pump combination: RUVAC WS 501 / SOGEVAC SV 100

$$k_{\rm th} = \frac{505 \text{ m}^3 \cdot \text{h}^{-1}}{100 \text{ m}^3 \cdot \text{h}^{-1}} \sim 5$$

 $p_{E} = \frac{80 \text{ mbar}}{5 - 1} = 20 \text{ mbar}$ 

With small vacuum vessels, the maximum permissible pressure differential can be briefly exceeded (max. 3 min) upon start-up. If a pressure switch has been installed, do not set it to this higher pressure because it will fail to protect the pump against overload in the event of a greater gas quantity.

It is advisable to switch the RUVAC WS on and off via a pressure switch to ensure that it runs only in the permissible pressure range.

# 4.2 Operation



Warning Do not operate the pump without having connected the flanges to a vacuum system. The screws of the flanges on the suction and the pressure side must not be loosened in the presence of a vacuum or while the pump is still running.

During operation of the RUVAC, check the lubricant level from time to time and also the condition of the lubricant. Correct as required (see Section 5/2). Normally, the oil N 62 or HE-200 is light-brown. If it turns dark, this is a sign of early ageing due to excessively high temperatures. When using PFPE as intended, PFPE will not be subject to ageing.

Caution

Run the Roots pump exclusively under the operating conditions for which it has been designed. Any modification of the operating parameters (e.g. intake pressure, intake temperature, ratio between Roots pump and backing pump) for a longer period may place an inadmissible thermal load on the pump. Increases in temperature which are not compensated by taking suitable measures may damage the Roots pump and/or the backing pump.

Warning



During normal operation temperatures exceeding 80 °C may occur at the oil chambers and at the line on the pressure side. When touching these there is the danger of receiving burns.

Note the labels on the pump.

Never open the oil-fill or oil-drain screw (Fig. 11) in the presence of a vacuum or while the pump is running. There is the danger that oil may squirt out.

# 4.3 Shutdown and Storage

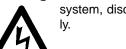
Caution We recommend to keep the RUVAC WS with a PFPE filling running even during prolonged intervals (e. g. over night) with the intake line closed. This can help to avoid corrosion during standstill.

Close the valve between the Roots pump and the vacuum system. First switch off the Roots

pump, then the backing pump.

After working with corrosive gases, the system should be vented with dry protective gas (e.g. N<sub>2</sub>) to prevent corrosion during standstill.

When shutting down the pump and removing it from the system, it is advisable to seal the connecting flanges tightly.



Warning Before removing pump from the vacuum system, disconnect it from the mains supp-

Before removing the RUVAC WS PFPE from the system it must be purged with nitrogen and sealed in a gas-tight manner.

For transportation and storing of the pump, observe the information provided in Section 2.

# 4.4 Changing from Vertical to Horizontal Flow

The RUVAC WS/WSUs are supplied as standard for vertical flow unless you specifically request horizontal flow. Moreover, the pump may be converted from one flow direction to the other.

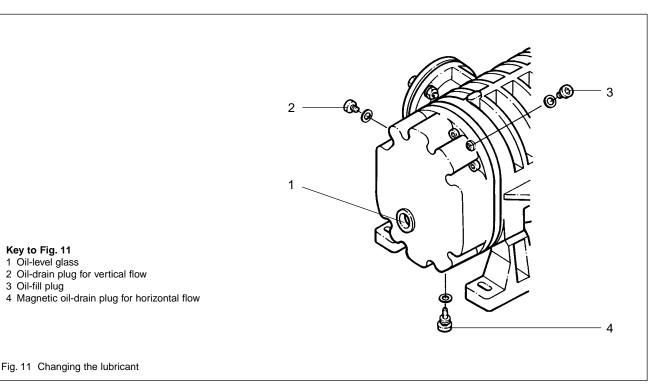
For this proceed as follows:

Drain the lubricant (11/2) or (11/4) and tightly screw the oil-drain plug back in. Remove the feet, turn the pump by 90° as shown in Fig. 5 (dimensional drawing) and mount the feet for the new direction of flow.

Fill in lubricant (11/3); (see Section 3.2).

If a pressure switch has been installed, turn it so that it again points vertically upwards.

The valve in the pressure balance line of the RUVAC WSU is designed to work with both vertical and horizontal flow of the pump.



Caution The longitudinal axis of the pump must remain horizontal so that no residual lubricant can flow from the side chambers into the pumping chamber.

# **5** *Maintenance* 5.1 *Safety Information*

The safety information given in the following applies to all maintenance work.





Disconnect the electrical power before disassembling the pump. Make absolutely sure that the pump cannot be accidentally started.

If the pump has been pumping harmful substances, determine the nature of hazard and introduce suitable safety measures. Observe all safety regulations !

If you send a pump to LEYBOLD for repair please indicate any harmful substances existing in or around the pump. For this use the "Declaration of Contamination" form which has been prepared by us and which we will provide upon request.

Any pump received by us without, or an incompletely filled in declaration will delay the repair.

When shipping contaminated pumps which require approval by the authorities, you must observe the applicable packaging and shipping regulations.

**Caution** All maintenance and cleaning work described in this section must be carried out only by suitably trained personnel.

When disposing of used lubricants please observe the relevant environmental regulations.

Improper maintenance or repairs may affect the service life and performance of the pump, and cause problems when filing warranty claims.

Advanced repair work not described here should be left to the LEYBOLD service.

We would like to point out that LEYBOLD offers training courses on the maintenance, repair, and troubleshooting of RUVAC pumps. Further details are available on request.

# 5.2 Exchanging the Lubricant



Before pumping oxygen (or other highly reactive gases) at concentrations exceeding the concentration in the atmosphere (> 21 % for oxygen) it will be necessary to use a special pump. Such a pump will have to be modified and de-greased, and an inert special lubricant (like PFPE) must be used.

Observe all safety information provided in Section 5.1.

Very little lubricant is consumed by wear in the bearings and the gear under clean operating conditions. We recommend changing the oil or PFPE after the first 500 hours of operation to remove any wearing residue.

Then, under normal operating conditions, change the oil after every 3,000 hours of operation.

Change the oil more frequently when pumping corrosive vapours or large amounts of dust or when cycling frequently from atmospheric to working pressure.

Under such operating conditions it is recommended to regularly check the neutralisation value (to DIN 51 558) based on a sample of oil. If the neutralisation value exceeds 2, an oil exchange will be required.



Before removing the oil-drain or oil-fill plug always switch off the pump first and vent to atmospheric pressure.

When the pump has become warm during operation the casing and the oil temperature may exceed 80  $^{\circ}$ C.



Leave the pump to cool down. Always wear protective gloves also to protect yourself against aggressive residues in the oil.

To simplify the process and also for safety reasons we recommend the use of our oildrain facility (see Section 1.4).

Unscrew the oil-drain plugs (11/2) or (11/4) and the oil-fill plug (11/3) and drain the oil.

Clean the sealing surface and firmly reinstall the oil-drain plug (11/2) or (11/4) using a gasket which is in perfect condition. Wipe off any oil residues from the casing.

Fill in new oil.

For oil quantities and ordering data see Sections 1.3 and 1.4.

Make sure to use the right kind of oil. PFPE pumps are marked with a red label.

Only use Leybold oil.

Caution Mineral oils, synthetic oils and PFPE do not mix.

Please consult us if you intend to run the pump with other oils or special lubricants.

At vertical flow the correct oil level is in the center of the oil-level glass when the pump is not running.

In the case of horizontal pumping action, the correct oil level is 4 mm over the middle of the oil level glass (11/1), see also Fig. 9.

**Caution** If the oil level is too low, the bearings and gearwheels are not lubricated adequately; if it is too high, oil may enter the pumping chamber.

Clean the oil-fill port and reinstall the plug (11/3) using a gasket which is in perfect condition. Wipe off any oil residues from the casing.

**Caution** The oil-fill port must be sealed air-tight. In the presence of a vacuum, the entry of air may cause oil-containing gas to enter the pumping chamber via the impeller seals.

When using PFPE as intended, PFPE is not subject to ageing. It must only be changed if it is contaminated by the process gas. It can only be determined for each individual case when the PFPE is so contaminated that it must be changed. To be sure, we recommend changing the PFPE once a year.

Please also take note of the Operating Instructions "PFPE for Vacuum Pumps" included with the pump.

For recycling contaminated PFPE we ask you to consult us. As PFPE we recommend our NC 1/14 or the HE-1600.

# 5.3 Cleaning the Fan Cowl and the Cooling Fins

Warning Observe all safety information provided in Section 5.1.



The slits in the fan cowl as well as the fins on the motor and on the pump may be contaminated depending on humidity conditions and the degree of contamination in the ambient air.

In order to ensure a sufficient air flow for the motor and the pump's casing, the grid of the fan cowl must be cleaned with a clean brush when contaminated.

Any coarse dirt must be removed from the fins on the motor and the pump.

## 5.4 Cleaning the Dirt Trap

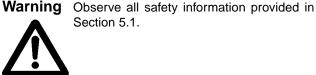


ing Observe all safety information provided in Section 5.1.

A wire-mesh sieve is located in the intake port to collect foreign objects. It should be kept clean in order to avoid a reduction of the pumping speed.

To do so, take off the intake line. Remove the dirt trap from the intake flange and rinse it using a suitable solvent. Then thoroughly dry it with compressed air. If the dirt trap is damaged, replace it.

# 5.5 Cleaning the Pumping Chamber



Under dirty operating conditions, contaminants may be

deposited in the pumping chamber or on the impellers. After removing the two connecting lines, the contaminants can be blown out with dry compressed air or flushed out with a suitable solvent.

Contaminants that cannot be blown or flushed out, can be removed completely from the pumping chamber with a wire brush, metallic sponge or scraper.

Then change the lubricant.



**Warning** During cleaning, the blower must be turned only by hand.



Caution The loosened deposits must not remain in the pump. After cleaning, check the pump by slowly turning the impellers by hand. They should move freely and without any resistance.

> Generally, the Roots pump does not need to be disassembled. If necessary, this should only be done by our after-sales service.

# 5 Key to Fig. 12 7 1 Cover 2 O-ring 3 Bushing 4 Spring 5 O-ring 6 Valve disc 7 O-ring Fig. 12 Valve of the pressure balance line

## 5.6 Cleaning the Valve of the Pressure Balance Line

Warning Observe all safety information provided in Section 5.1.



Remove the screws and take off the cover (12/1) with O-ring (12/2).

Take out the spring (12/4).

Remove the valve disk (12/6) with O-rings (12/5) and (12/7).

If the bushing (12/3) is damaged, pull it out of the valve disk and replace it.

Clean all parts or replace them if necessary. Reassemble in the reverse sequence. When doing so, check the O-rings for leak-tightness and replace if found faulty.

# 5.7 Leybold Service

If a pump is returned to LEYBOLD, indicate whether the pump free of substances damaging to health or whether it is contaminated.

If it is contaminated also indicate the nature of the hazard. For this you must use a form which has been prepared by us which we will provide upon request.

A copy of this form is reproduced at the end of these Operating Instructions: "Declaration of Contamination of Vacuum Instruments and Components".

Please attach this form to the pump or enclose it with the pump.

This "Declaration of Contamination" is required to meet German Law and to protect our personnel.

LEYBOLD must return any pumps without a "Declaration of Contamination" to the sender's address.



Warning The pump must be packed in such a way, that it will not be damaged during shipping and so that any contaminants are not released from the package.

# 6 Troubleshooting

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Fan faulty    Leybold service    -      Value of pressure balance line does not open.    Clean or repair the value.    5.6      wer consumption    See fault , Pump gets too hot".    -      up, h.    Word ratio ris too    See fault , Pump gets too hot".    -      up, h.    See fault , Pump gets too hot".    Connect the motor to the correct voltage supply.    -      up, h.    Clearance between casing and impellers is too    -    -      small due to :    -    -    -      - distortion of the pump.    Ensure that the feet and connecting lines aren't placing a strain 3.0°    -      - distortion of the pump.    Ensure that the feet and connecting lines aren't placing a strain 3.0°    -      - contrainination    -    -    -      - contrainination    -    -    -      - contraining disc lubricator strikes gear lid    -    -    -      - or it tube.    Oil pup obstructed or maffunctioning.    -    -      - or it ube.    Oil-chain plug is not tight.    -    -      - or it ube.    Oil-chain plug is not tight.    -    -      - or it ube.    Oil-chain plug is not tight.    -<				1.
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With a new gasket, fill in the correct quantity.    -      Oil-level glass is not tight.    -      Gearbox is not tight.    -      Oil puddle under the motor, leaky can    -      No lubricant leak is visible:    -      See fault _Lubricant in the pumping chamber".    -      I turns dark.    Oil has broken down.      Pump gets too hot.    -      Dibricant in the tubricant leak is visible:    -      Lubricant leak so usible:    -      See fault _Lubricant in the pumping chamber".    -      Oil has broken down.    Change the oil.      Pump gets too hot.    -      biricant in the mining chamber.    Lubricant leaks out of the system.      Pump is not installed on a flat horizontal surface.    Drain lubricant to reach the correct oil level.      Pump has an external leak.    Check system.      Pump has an internal leak.    -      Impeller rings are malfunctioning.    Clean the dirt trap.      Pump is not installed on a flange is clogged.    Clean the dirt trap.      Abtor is connected incorrectly.    -      Motor rotar is malfunctioning.    -      Motor rotar is malfunctioning.    -      Pump or pump s	Pump loses lubri-			
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\* for repair information, refer to the stated section in the Operating Instructions

# EEC Declaration of Conformity



We - LEYBOLD Vacuum GmbH - herewith declare that the products defined below meet the basic requirements regarding safety and health of the relevant EEC directives by design, type and the versions which are brought in to circulation by us.

In case of any products changes made without our approval, this declaration will be void.

Designation of the products: Roots pump

Types:	RUVAC WS 251 - 2001 RUVAC WSU 251 - 2001 (H)
Catalogue numbers:	101 83
	117 22; 117 23; 117 27; 117 28;
	117 32; 117 33; 117 37; 117 38;
	117 42; 117 43; 117 47;
	117 52; 117 53; 117 57;
	118 33; 118 43; 118 53;
	150 44; 150 95; 150 96
	167 007
	917 48
	155 000

## The products conform to the following directives:

- EC Directive on Machinery (98/37/EG)
- EC Directive on Low-Voltages (73/23)+(93/68/EWG)
- EC EMC Directive (89/336/EWG) (91/263/EWG) + (92/31/EWG) + (93/68/EWG)

#### Applied harmonised standards:

•	DIN EN 292 Part 1	11.91
•	DIN EN 292 Part 2	06.95
•	DIN EN 1012 Part 2	07.96
•	DIN EN 60 204 Part 1	11.98

# Applied national standards and technical specifications:

•	DIN 31 001	April 1983
•	DIN ISO 1940	Dec. 1993

Cologne, October 30, Hauck, BU Head SPS

Division Industrial

Cologne, October 30, 200

Dr. Beyer, Development Head SPS Division Industrial



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packaging securely - Page 3 (blue) copy

or representative - Page 2 (yellow) attach to consigement

manufacturer

5

Copies: Page 1 (white)

**VDN** 

## Declaration of Contamination of Compressors, Vacuum Pumps and Components

This declaration may be completed and signed only by authorised and qualified staff.

The repair and / or servicing of compressors, vacuum pumps and components will be carried out only if a correctly completed declaration has been submitted. Non-completion will result in delay. The manufacturer can refuse to accept any equipment without a declaration. A separate declaration has to be completed for every single component.

Reason for returning the item/s Customer/Dep./Institute: Address: Person to contact: Phone: Fax: Order number of customer: A. Description of the equipment (machine or component) Ancillary uipment Type: Catalogue number: Serial number: Type of oil used: No Not known B. Condition of the equipment (machine or compo Yes 1. Has the equipment been used 2. Drained (product/service fluid) 3. All openings sealed airtight 4. Purged: Cleaning agent: Method of cleaning: es (Ple. C. Description of processe sub. fill in ausolutely) 1. What substances have come to cont-"th the c ioment: Trade nam chemical ds and substances processed, properties of the substances mo VIC. accord' , to safe, , data shee oxic, infla. nable, corrosive, radioactive) Chemical name: Properties: Tra hame: a) b) C) d) 2. Are these substances harmful? Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Not known No 🗆 3. Dangerous decomposition products when thermally loaded Yes 🗆 Not known Which: Components contaminated by micro biological, explosive or radioactive products will not be accepted without written evidence of decontamination. D. Legally binding declaration I/we hereby declare that the information supplied on this form is accurate and sufficient to judge any contamination level. Name of authorised person (block letters):

date

signature of authorised person

firm stamp

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## Sales Net worldwide

#### AMERICA

#### USA:

LEYBOLD VACUUM USA 5700 Mellon Road Export, PA 15632 Phone: +1-724-327 57 00 Fax: +1-724-733 12 17 Internet: http://www. leyboldvacuum.com

#### Canada:

LEYBOLD Canada Inc. 7050 Telford Way, Unit 5 Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5S 1V7 Phone: +1-905-672 77 04 Fax: +1-905-672 22 49 e-mail: reachus@leybold.on.ca

#### EUROPE

Deutschland: LEYBOLD VAKUUM

GmbH Bonner Straße 498 D-50968 Köln Phone: +49-221-347-1234 Fax: +49-221-347-1245 Internet: www.leyboldvac.de e-mail: sales@leyboldvakuum.com

#### Belgien/Niederlande/

Luxemburg: LEYBOLD N.V. Leuvensesteenweg 542, 9A B-1930 Zaventem Phone: +32-2-71 10 083 Fax: +32-2-72 08 338

#### LEYBOLD B.V.

Computerweg 7 NL-3606 AV Maarssen Phone: +31-346-583 999

Fax: +31-346-583 990

#### Frankreich:

LEYBOLD S.A. 7, Avenue du Quebec Z.A. de Courtaboeuf, B.P. 42 F-91942 Courtaboeuf Cedex Phone: +33-1-69.82 48 00 Fax: +33-1-69.07 57 38 e-mail: leybold-vacuum@ leybold.fr ASIA

Groß-Britannien/Irland:

Phone: +44-208-9717000

Fax: +44-208-9717001

Phone: +39-02-27 22 31

+39-02-27 20 96 41

LEYBOLD LTD.

Waterside Way.

Plough Lane GB-London SW 17 OHB

Italien:

Fax:

Spanien:

Grases

LEYBOLD S.A.

C/. Mataró, 27

Schweden:

Box 9084

Schweiz/

Fax.

Liechtenstein:

LEYBOLD AG Leutschenbachstraße 55 CH-8050 Zürich Phone: +41-1-308 40 50

LEYBOLD AB

40092 Göteborg

Polígono Industrial Les

E-08980 Sant Feliu de

Llobregat (Barcelona)

Phone: +34-93-666 46 16

Fax: +34-93-666 43 70

Phone: +46-31-68 84 70

Fax: +46-31-68 39 39

+41-1-302 43 73

LEYBOLD S.P.A.

Via Trasimeno 8

I-20128 Milano

Volksrepublik China: LEYBOLD (Tianjin) VACUUM EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd. Beichen Economic Development Area (BEDA) Tianjin 300400, China Phone: +86-22 26 972 016 Fax: +86-22 26 972 017 e-mail: leybold@public.tpt.tj.cn

#### Japan:

LEYBOLD Co., Ltd. Head Office Tobu A.K. Bldg. 4th Floor 23-3, Shin-Yokohama 3chome Kohoku-ku,Yokohama-shi Kanagawa ken 222-0033 Phone: +81-45-471 33 20 Fax: +81-45-471 33 23

#### Korea:

LEYBOLD Korea Ltd. 4th Fl. Shinan Bldg., 173-1 Jangchoog-dong 2ga, Choong-ku Seoul 100-392, Korea C.P.O. Box 709

Phone: +82-2-227 11 567 Fax: +82-2-227 11 568

#### Singapore:

BALZERS and LEYBOLD Singapore Pte. Ltd. 1 Tuas South Street 3 Singapore 638043 Phone: +65-865 18 65 Fax: +65-862 22 95

#### Taiwan:

LEYBOLD Taiwan, Ltd. 2 F, No 416-1, Sec. 3 Chung-Hsin Rd. Chu Tung, Hsinchu. Taiwan R.O.C: 310 Phone: +886-3-583 39 88 Fax: +886-3-583 39 99

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#### LEYBOLD VAKUUM GmbH

Bonner Strasse 498 (Bayenthal) D-50968 Köln Tel.: (0221) 347-0 Fax: (0221) 347-1250 http://www.leyboldvac.de e-mail:documentation@leyboldvac.de