

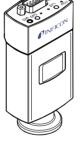
Pirani Capacitance Diaphragm

Gauge

PCG550 PCG552 PCG554



www.idealvac.com



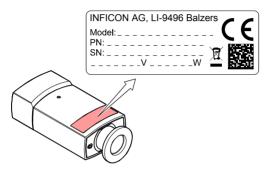
CE

Operating Manual Incl. EC Declaration of Conformity



Product Identification

In all communications with INFICON, please specify the information given on the product nameplate. For convenient reference copy that information into the space provided below.

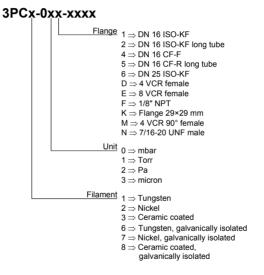




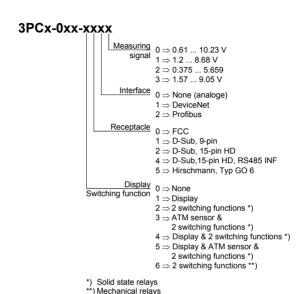
Validity

This document applies to products of the PCG55x series.

Part numbers of standard products are indicated below. OEM products have other part numbers and different parameter settings (e.g. factory setting of setpoint) as defined in the corresponding ordering information.







The part number (PN) can be taken from the product nameplate. If not indicated otherwise in the legends, the illustrations in this document correspond to gauges with the DN 16 ISO-KF vacuum connection and display. They apply to gauges with other vacuum connections by analogy.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.



Intended Use

The Pirani Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge PCG55x has been designed for vacuum measurement of gases in the pressure range of 5×10⁻⁵ ... 1500 mbar.

It must not be used for measuring flammable or combustible gases which react in air.

The gauge is intended for operation in connection with an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller VCG401, 402, 403 or with another suitable controller

Functional Principle

The PCG gauge is a combination gauge consisting of a Pirani sensor and a diaphragm capacitive sensor. Both sensors are constantly active.

At low pressures, only the signal of the Pirani sensor is used for pressure measurement; at high pressures, only the signal of the diaphragm capacitive sensor. To determine the output signal in the intermediate range, both signals are used proportionally to the pressure.

Trademark

VCR® Swagelok Marketing Co.

Patents

EP 0689669 B1, 0689670 B1, 0658755 B1 US Patente 5608168, 4031997, 5583297

Scope of Delivery

- 1× gauge
- 1× pin for adjusting settings via buttons
- 1× Operating Manual English
- 1× Operating Manual German



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For cross-references within this document, the symbol $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B} \ XY)$ is used, for cross-references to further documents, listed under "Further Information", the symbol $(\rightarrow \square \ [Z])$.



1 Safety

1.1 Symbols Used



DANGER

Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.



WARNING

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.



Caution

Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.



Notice



Labeling

1.2 Personnel Qualifications



Skilled personnel

All work described in this document may only be carried out by persons who have suitable technical training and the necessary experience or who have been instructed by the end-user of the product.



1.3 General Safety Instructions

- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for the process media used.
 - Consider possible reactions with the product materials.

 Consider possible reactions (e.g. explosion) of the process media due to the heat generated by the product.
- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.
- Before beginning to work, find out whether any vacuum components are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

1.4 Liability and Warranty

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if the end-user or third parties

- · disregard the information in this document
- use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the product documentation.

The end-user assumes the responsibility in conjunction with the process media used.

Gauge failures due to contamination as well as expendable parts (filament) are not covered by the warranty.



2 **Technical Data**

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For further technical data for gauges with DeviceNet and Profibus interface $\rightarrow \square$ [3], [4], [5],

5x10⁻⁵ 1500 mbar Measurement range

Measurement principle

10 1) mbar ... 1500 mbar diaphragm capacitive

sensor

1 ... 10 1) mbar crossover range

5×10⁻⁵ ... 1 mbar thermal conductance acc. to

Pirani

Accuracy (N_2) 5×10⁻⁴ ... 1×10⁻³ mbar ±50% of reading 1×10⁻³ ... 100 mbar ±15% of reading

100 950 mbar ±5% of reading

950 ... 1050 mbar ±2.5% of reading

Repeatability (N2)

1×10⁻³ ... 1100 mbar +2% of reading

Output signal (measurement signal)

Voltage range

3PCx-0xx-xxx0 0 +10 23 V 3PCx-0xx-xxx1 0 +8 68 V 3PCx-0xx-xxx2 0 ... +5.659 V 0 ... +9.05 V 3PCx-0xx-xxx3

 $^{^{1)}}$ Crossover range for air, O_2 , CO and N_2 10 mbar, 100 mbar in heavy gases.



Measurement range	+0 61 +10 23 V
0. 0/. 0/0. /00.0	0.01 10.20 1
3PCx-0xx-xxx1	+1.2 +8.68 V
3PCx-0xx-xxx2	+0.375 +5.659 V
3PCx-0xx-xxx3	+1.57 +9.05 V
Error signal	0 V (default)
Mallana and an annual and	
Voltage vs. pressure 3PCx-0xx-xxx0	1 296 V/docado logarithmia
0. 0/. 0/0. /00.0	1.286 V/decade, logarithmic
3PCx-0xx-xxx1	1 V/decade, logarithmic
3PCx-0xx-xxx3	1 V/decade, logarithmic
3PCx-0xx-xxx2	→ 🖺 22
Output impedance	$2 \times 4.7 \Omega$, short circuit-proof
Load impedance	>10 kΩ
Response time	<30 ms
Gauge identification	
FCC 68 (+0.61 +10.23 V)	71.5 kΩ
Hirschmann GO 6	
(+1.2 +8.68 V)	3.01 kΩ
HV adjustment	at <10 ⁻⁵ mbar
ATM adjustment	at >100 mbar



Solid state relays	switching functions SP1, SP2, ATM
Setting range (N ₂)	5.0×10 ⁻⁵ 1500 mbar
Hysteresis 2)	10% of threshold
Switching characteristics 2)	Low Trip Point
Contact rating	<30 VAC/DC, ≤0.3 A resistive
closed	LED lit solid
open	LED off
Switching time	<30 ms
Mechanical relays	switching functions SP1, SP2, ATM
Setting range (N ₂)	5.0×10 ⁻⁵ 1500 mbar
Hysteresis 2)	10% of threshold
Switching characteristics 2)	Low Trip Point
Туре	1 floating contact (n.o.) per switching function
Contact rating	<30 VAC/DC, ≤1 A resistive
closed	LED lit solid
	LED lit solid
open	225 0
Switching time	<30 ms
Diagnostic port	Jack connector 2.5 mm, 3-pin

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The hysteresis and the switching characteristics can be programmed via the serial interface or the diagnostic port.



Supply



DANGER



The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments, or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extralow voltage (SELV). The connection to the gauge has to be fused. ³⁾

Supply voltage at the gauge +15 ... +30 VDC

Ripple ≤1 V_{nn}

Power consumption

without fieldbus ≤2.5 W
DeviceNet ≤3 W
Profibus ≤3 W

Fuse to be connected 3 1 AT

The voltage for the gauge equipped with the DeviceNet interface is supplied via the DeviceNet cable.



Gauges with DeviceNet interface and part number 3PC1-/3PC2-/3PC3-0xx-x1x require an additional, separate power supply via the sensor cable.

Supply voltage at the

sensor cable +15 ... +30 VDC

Power consumption ≤3 W

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³⁾ INFICON controllers fulfill this requirement.



Electrical connection 3PCx-0xx-x0xx

FCC 68 D-Sub 9-pin, male

3PCx-0xx-x1xx 3PCx-0xx-x2xx

D-Sub 15-pin HD, male

3PCx-0xx-x4xx D-Su

D-Sub 15-pin HD, RS485 INF. male

3PCx-0xx-x5xx

Hirschmann GO 6, 6-pin,

male

Sensor cable shielded

0.14 mm²/conductor

Cable length RS232C operation ≤100 m <30 m

Grounding concept

→ "Power Connection"

Vacuum connection to signal common

connected via 10 kΩ, 10 nF

RS232C / RS485 interface

Transmission rate Data format 57600 baud (default) binary

8 data bits one stop bit no parity bit no handshake

→ "Power Connection"

For further information on the RS232C / RS485C interface

→ □ [3].



DeviceNet interface Specification, data format, communication protocol Interface, physical	→ 🚇 [7] CAN bus
Data rate (adjustable via <rate> switch)</rate>	125 kBaud 250 kBaud 500 kBaud (default) <p> (125 kBaud, 250 kBaud, 500 kBaud programmable via DeviceNet, → □ [4])</p>
Node address (MAC ID) (Adjustable via <address>, <msd>, <lsd> switches)</lsd></msd></address>	0 63dec (63dec default) <p> (0 63 programmable via DeviceNet, → ☐ [4])</p>
DeviceNet connector	Micro-Style, 5-pin, male
Cable	shielded, special DeviceNet cable, 5 conductors $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 35, $\rightarrow \mathbb{A}$ [8]
Cable length, system wiring	according to DeviceNet specifications, $\rightarrow \square$ [7], [8]
For further information on the Device	ceNet interface → 🕮 [4]



Profibus interface	
Specification, data format,	
communication protocol	→ 🚇 [9]
Interface, physical	RS485
Data rate	≤12 Mbaud (→ 🚇 [5])
Node address Local (Adjustable via hexadecimal <address>, <msd>, <lsd> switches)</lsd></msd></address>	00 7D _{hex} (0 125 _{dec})
Default setting	0.1C _{hex}
Via Profibus (hexadecimal <address> switches set to >7D_{hex}</address>	
(>125 _{dec})	00 7D _{hex} (0 125 _{dec})
Profibus connection	D-Sub, 9-pin, female
Cable	shielded, special Profibus cable, \rightarrow \bigcirc 36, \rightarrow \bigcirc [10]
Cable length, system wiring	according to Profibus specifications, $\rightarrow \square$ [9], [10]
For further information on the Profi	bus interface → ☐ [5]
Materials exposed to vacuum	
Vacuum connection	stainless steel 1.4435
Filament 3PC1 / 6-0xx-xxxx	W
3PC2 / 7-0xx-xxxx	vv Ni
3PC3 / 8-0xx-xxxx	ceramic coated
Feedthrough	glass
Orifice 4)	stainless steel
Diaphragm	ceramic
Further materials	Ni, NiFe, stainless steel 1.4301, SnAg

 $^{^{\}rm 4)}\,$ Only versions DN 16 ISO-KF and DN 16 CF-F.

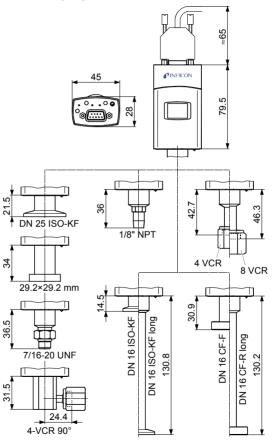


Internal volume DN 16 ISO-KF DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube DN 16 CF-F DN 16 CF-R, long tube DN 25 ISO-KF 4 VCR® female 8 VCR® female 1/8" NPT Flange 29×29 mm 4 VCR® 90°, female 7/16-20 UNF	4.7 cm ³ 14.5 cm ³ 8 cm ³ 14 cm ³ 5.5 cm ³ 5.5 cm ³ 7 cm ³ 7.2 cm ³ 4.9 cm ³ 5.2 cm ³
Permissible pressure (absolute)	≤5 bar
Bursting pressure (absolute)	10 bar
Permissible temperatures Operation Vacuum connection ⁵⁾ long tube ⁵⁾ Filament Storage	+10 °C +50 °C ≤80 °C ≤250 °C <160 °C -20 °C +65 °C
Relative humidity Year's mean During 60 days	≤65% (no condensation) ≤85% (no condensation)
Mounting orientation	any
Use	indoors only, altitude up to 2000 m NN
Degree of protection	IP 40
Weight without fieldbus interface with fieldbus interface	115 g130 g 230 g 250 g

⁵⁾ For horizontal mounting orientation only. During bakeout, measurement range, accuracy, and repeatability may deviate from specifications.

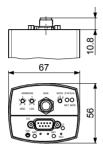


Dimensions [mm]

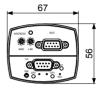




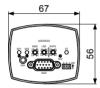
DeviceNet



Profibus



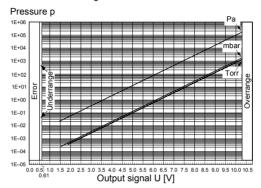
RS485





2.1 Output Signal vs. Pressure

Measurement range 0.61 ... 10.23 V



 $p = 10^{0.778(U-c)}$

 $U = c + 1.286log_{10} p$

valid in the range

5×10⁻⁵ mbar <p< 1500 mbar

U	р	С
[V]	[mbar]	6.143
[V]	[µbar]	2.287
[V]	[Torr]	6.304
[V]	[mTorr]	2.448

U	р	С
[V]	[micron]	2.448
[V]	[Pa]	3.572
[V]	[kPa]	7.429

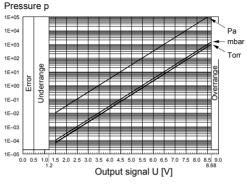
where p pressure

U output signal

c constant (pressure unit dependent)



Measurement range 1.2 ... 8.68 V



p = 10^(U-c)

 $\Rightarrow \qquad U = c + \log_{10} p$

valid in the range

5×10⁻⁵ mbar <p< 1500 mbar

U	р	С	U	р	С
[V]	[mbar]	5.5	[V]	[micron]	2.625
[V]	[µbar]	2.5	[V]	[Pa]	3.5
[V]	[Torr]	5.625	[V]	[kPa]	6.5
IV1	[mTorr]	2.625			

where p pressure

U output signal

c constant (pressure unit dependent)



Measurement range 0.375 ... 5.659 V

Signal U	Pressure p		
[V]	[mbar]	[Pa]	[Torr]
0.375	<5×10 ⁻⁵	<6.65×10 ⁻³	<5×10 ⁻⁵
0.376	0.000133322	0.013332237	0.0001
0.377	0.000266645	0.026664474	0.0002
0.379	0.000666612	0.066661184	0.0005
0.384	0.001333224	0.133322368	0.0010
0.392	0.002666447	0.266644736	0.0020
0.417	0.006666118	0.66661184	0.0050
0.455	0.013332237	1.33322368	0.0100
0.523	0.026664474	2.66644736	0.0200
0.682	0.066661184	6.6661184	0.0500
0.876	0.133322368	13.3322368	0.1000
1.155	0.266644736	26.6644736	0.2000
1.683	0.66661184	66.661184	0.5000
2.217	1.33322368	133.322368	1.0000
2.842	2.66644736	266.644736	2.0000
3.675	6.6661184	666.61184	5.0000
4.206	13.3322368	1333.22368	10.0000
4.577	26.6644736	2666.44736	20.0000
4.846	66.661184	6666.1184	50.0000
4.945	133.322368	13332.2368	100.0000
5.019	266.644736	26664.4736	200.0000
5.111	399.967104	39996.7104	300.0000
5.224	533.289472	53328.9472	400.0000
5.329	666.61184	66661.184	500.0000
5.419	799.934208	79993.4208	600.0000
5.495	933.256576	93325.6576	700.0000
5.534	1013.249997	101324.9997	760.0000
5.558	1066.578944	106657.8944	800.0000
5.614	1199.901312	119990.1312	900.0000
5.659	1333.22368	133322.368	1000.0000



Valid in the range 0.375 ... 2.842 V

$$p = a + bU + cU^2 + dU^3 + eU^4 + fU^5$$

where p pressure in Torr a, b, c, d, e, f constant U output signal

Valid in the range 2.842 ... 4.945 V

$$p = \frac{a + cU + eU^2}{1 + bU + dU^2 + fU^3}$$

U output signal

where p pressure in Torr a, b, c, d, e, f constant

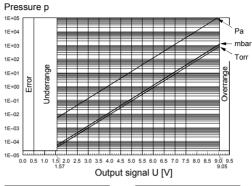
Valid in the range 4.945... 5.659 V

$$p = \frac{a + cU}{1 + bU + dU^2}$$

where p pressure in Torr a, b, c, d constant U output signal



Measurement range 1.57 ... 9.05 V



p = 10^(U-c)

 $U = c + log_{10} p$

valid in the range

5×10⁻⁵ mbar <p< 1500 mbar

U	р	С
[V]	[mbar]	5.8751
[V]	[µbar]	2.8751
[V]	[Torr]	6
[V]	[mTorr]	3

U	р	С
[V]	[micron]	3
[V]	[Pa]	3.8751
[V]	[kPa]	6.8751

where p pressure

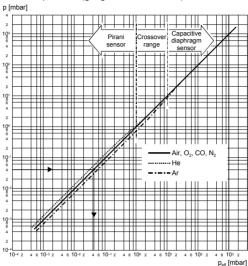
U output signal

c constant (pressure unit dependent)



2.2 Gas Type Dependence

Indicated pressure (gauge calibrated for air)



Calibration factors

valid for Pirani pressure range below 1 mbar

 p_{eff} = C × indicated pressure

Gas type	Calibration factor C	Gas type	Calibration factor C
He	0.8	H ₂	0.5
Ne	1.4	air, O ₂ , CO, N ₂	1.0
Ar	1.7	CO ₂	0.9
Kr	2.4	water vapor	0.5
Xe	3.0	Freon 12	0.7



3 Installation



WARNING



WARNING: fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts.

Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.

3.1 Vacuum Connection



DANGER



DANGER: overpressure in the vacuum system >1 bar

Injury caused by released parts and harm caused by escaping process gases can result if clamps are opened while the vacuum system is pressurized.

Do not open any clamps while the vacuum system is pressurized. Use the type clamps which are suited to overpressure.



DANGER



DANGER: overpressure in the vacuum system >2.5 bar

KF flange connections with elastomer seals (e.g. O-rings) cannot withstand such pressures. Process media can thus leak and possibly damage your health.

Use O-rings provided with an outer centering ring.





DANGER



DANGER: protective ground

Products that are not correctly connected to ground can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault.

Electrically connect the gauge to the grounded vacuum chamber. This connection must conform to the requirements of a protective connection according to EN 61010:

- CF, NPT, UNF and VCR flanges fulfill this requirement.
- For gauges with a KF flange, use a conductive metallic clamping ring.
- For gauges with a ½" tube and a 29×29 mm flange, take appropriate measures to fulfill this requirement.



Caution



Caution: vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.



Caution



Caution: dirt sensitive area

Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

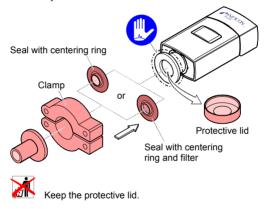
Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.





Mount the gauge so that no vibrations occur. The gauge may be mounted in any orientation. To keep condensates and particles from getting into the measuring chamber preferably choose a horizontal to upright position and consider using a seal with centering ring and filter. If adjustment should be possible after the gauge has been installed, be sure to install it so that the buttons can be accessed with a pin.

Remove the protective lid and connect the product to the vacuum system.





3.2 Power Connection



Make sure the vacuum connection is properly made $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B} \ 26)$.



DANGER



The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extralow voltage (SELV). The connection to the gauge has to be fused. ⁶⁾



Ground loops, differences of potential, or EMC problems may affect the measurement signal. For optimum signal quality, please do observe the following notes:

- Connect the cable shield to ground on one side via the connector housing. Do not connect the other side of the shield
- Connect the supply common with protective ground directly at the power supply.
- Use differential measurement input (signal common and supply common conducted separately).
- Potential difference between supply common and housing ≤18 V (overvoltage protection).

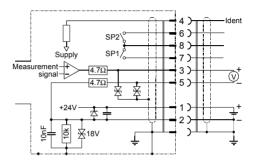
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INFICON controllers fulfill these requirements.



3.2.1 FCC 68, 8-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

Pin 1 Supply

Pin 2 Supply common, GND

Pin 3 Measurement signal or threshold SP1, SP2

Pin 4 Gauge identification

Pin 5 Signal common

Pin 6, 8 Relay SP2

Common closing contact (com)

Pin 7, 8 Relay SP1 Common closing contact (com)

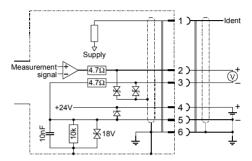


8-pin FCC-68 connector



3.2.2 Hirschmann, Type GO 60 Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

Pin 1 Gauge identification

Pin 2 Measurement signal or threshold SP1, SP2

Pin 3 Signal common

Pin 4 Supply

Pin 5 Supply common (GND)

Pin 6 Shield

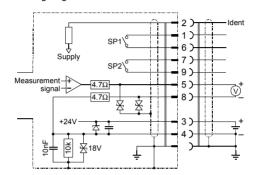
3 2 1

Connector soldering side



3.2.3 D-Sub, 9-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

Pin 1 Relay SP1, closing contact

Pin 2 Gauge identification

Pin 3 Supply

Pin 4 Supply common, GND

Pin 5 Measurement signal or thresholds SP1, SP2

Pin 6 Relay SP1

Common contact (com)
Pin 7 Relay SP2

Common contact (com)

Pin 8 Signal common

Pin 9 Relay SP2, closing contact

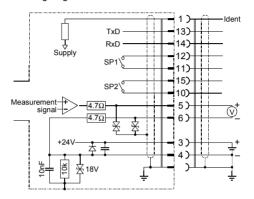


D-Sub, 9-pin female soldering side



3.2.4 D-Sub, 15-pin HD Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

Pin 1,2 Gauge identification

Pin 2 N.C.

Pin 3 Supply

Pin 4 Supply common

Pin 5 Measurement signal Pin 6 Signal common

Pin 7,8,9 N.C

Pin 10 Relay SP1, N.O.

Pin 11 Relay SP2, N.O.

Pin 12 Relay SP2

Common contact (com)

Pin 13 RS232, TxD

Pin 14 RS232, RxD

Pin 15 Relay SP1

Common contact (com)



solderina

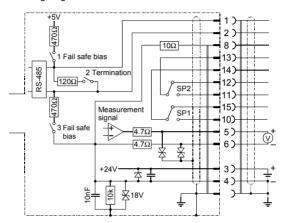
side

33



3.2.5 D-Sub. 15-pin HD. RS485 INF Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Electrical connection

- Pin 1 RS485 B+
- Pin 2 RS485 A-
- Pin 3 VlaguS
- Pin 4 Supply common
- Pin 5 Measurement signal
- Pin 6 Signal common
- Pin 7 Reserved
- Pin 8 RS485 GND
- Pin 9 Reserved
- Pin 10 Relay SP1, N.O.
- Pin 11 Relay SP2, N.O.
- Pin 12 Relay SP2, common contact (com)
- Pin 13 Relay SP2, N.C.
- Pin 14 Relay SP1, N.C.
- Pin 15 Relay SP1, common contact (com)



D-Sub 15-pin HD female soldering side



3.2.6 DeviceNet Connector

If no DeviceNet cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the DeviceNet cable.

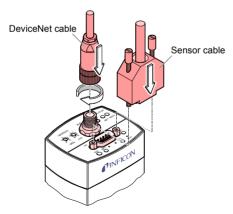


Micro-Style, 5-pin, (DeviceNet), female, soldering side

- Pin 1 Drain
- Pin 2 Supply +15 ... +30 VDC
- Pin 3 Supply common GND
- Pin 4 CAN H
- Pin 5 CAN L



Gauges with DeviceNet interface and part number 3PC1- / 3PC2- / 3PC3-0xx-x1x require an additional, separate power supply via the sensor cable ($\rightarrow \square$ 13).





3.2.7 Profibus Connector

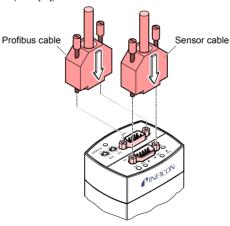
If no Profibus cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the Profibus cable.



Pin 1, 2	Do not connect	Pin 6	VP ²⁾
Pin 3	RxD/TxD-P	Pin 7, 9	Not connected
Pin 4	CNTR-P 1)	Pin 8	RxD/TxD-N
Pin 5	DGND 2)		

¹⁾ Only to be connected if an optical link module is used.

Only required as line termination for devices at both ends of bus cable (→ □ [10]).





4 Operation

When the supply voltage is applied, the measurement signal is available at the connector (\rightarrow "Power Connection").

Allow a stabilization period of at least 10 minutes. It is advisable to operate the gauge continuously, irrespective of the pressure.

The gauge is factory calibrated. Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur. Periodically check the zero and adjust it if necessary (adjusting the gauge $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 57).

4.1 Status Indication and Displays

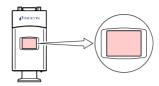
Status indication (LED)



LED	State	Meaning
<st></st>	off	no supply voltage
	lit green	measurement mode
	lit red	error
<sp1></sp1>	lit green	Relay SP 1 closed
	off	Relay SP 1 open
<sp2></sp2>	lit green	Relay SP 2 closed
	off	Relay SP 2 open



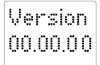
LCD display



State	Meaning
off	no supply voltage
lit green	measurement / parameter mode
lit red	error

The display can be rotated by 180 ° via the serial interface.

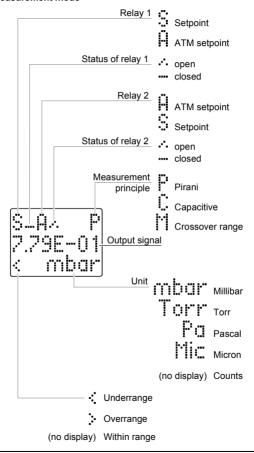
Put the gauge into operation



When the supply voltage is applied the software version is briefly displayed.

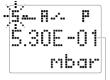


Measurement mode





Parameter mode



Threshold

Switching functions <S>

When the <SP1> or <SP2> button is pushed, the corresponding threshold is displayed and the corresponding relay flashes.

Error display (trouble shooting $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 61)



Pirani sensor error



Diaphragm sensor error



Atmosphere pressure sensor error





EEPROM error



Sensor error

4.2 Gas Type Dependence

Pressure range	Measurement principle	Gas type dependence
10 ⁷⁾ 1500 mbar	diaphragm capacitive sensor	independent of gas type, no correction required
1 10 ⁷⁾ mbar	diaphragm capacitive sensor and Pirani sensor	crossover range
5×10 ⁻⁵ 1 mbar	Pirani sensor	proportional to pressure 8)

4.3 Switching Functions SP1, SP2

The two switching functions can be set to any pressure within the measurement range of the gauge. A solid state relay is provided for each switching function.

⁷⁾ Crossover range for air, O₂, CO and N₂ 10 mbar, 100 mbar in heavy gases.



The current threshold setting

- · can be read / written via the diagnostic port
- is output at the measurement signal output instead of the pressure signal, can be measured with a voltmeter, and is displayed on the LCD display after the <SP1> or <SP2> button is pressed
- can be read / written via the serial interface.

Switching characteristics and hysteresis

The switching characteristics and the hysteresis of each set point can be programmed (\rightarrow \mathbb{B} 45).

Low Trip Point (default)

Measurement signal

If the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay is closed.

(Pressure p) Setpoint Hysteresis (10% of threshold) Threshold value Off On Off

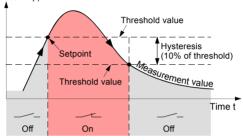
The setpoints SP1 and SP2 are factory set to the lower measurement range limit and therefore do not switch.



High Trip Point

If the pressure in the vacuum system is higher than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay is closed.

Measurement signal (Pressure p)

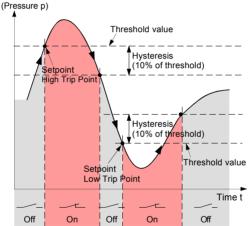




High & Low Trip Point

Both a High Trip Point and a Low Trip Point are assigned to each setpoint. If the pressure in the vacuum system is higher than the defined High Trip Point threshold, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit and the corresponding relay is closed. If the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the defined Low Trip Point threshold, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit and the corresponding relay is closed.

Measurement signal





The setpoints can only be programmed via

- the diagnostic port (→ □ [6])
- the serial interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [3], [4], [5]).



4.3.1 Adjusting the Setpoints SP1, SP2



The switching characteristics and the hysteresis can only be programmed via

- the diagnostic port (→ □ [6])
- the serial interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [3], [4], [5]).



The thresholds of the setpoints can be adjusted via

- · the buttons on the gauge
- the diagnostic port (→ □ [6])
- the serial interface (→ □ [3], [4], [5]).



If both a High Trip Point and a Low Trip Point are assigned to a setpoint. Low Trip Point only can be adjusted via the corresponding button on the gauge.



DANGER



DANGER: malfunction

If processes are controlled via the signal output. keep in mind that by pushing an <SP> button the measurement signal is suppressed and the corresponding threshold value is output instead. This can cause malfunctions.

Push the <SP> button only if you are sure that no damages can arise from a malfunction.

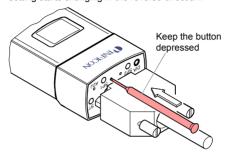
Adjusting setpoint SP1 with button on the gauge



 Push the <SP1> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm). The gauge changes to the switching function mode and outputs the current threshold value at the measurement value output or on the LCD display for about 5 s and the corresponding <5> on the display blinks.



The threshold setting is increased towards the upper limit until the button is released or the limit is reached. If the button is briefly released and pushed again, the threshold setting starts changing in the reverse direction.



The factory setting of the upper threshold is 10% above the Low Trip Point and 10% below the High Trip Point (hysteresis).

If after programming of the hysteresis the corresponding button <SP1> or <SP2> is pushed, the factory setting of the corresponding hysteresis (10%) is reactivated.

Release the button. The gauge resumes operation after 5 s and at the current pressure value is available at the measurement signal outout.



Programming setpoint SP1

Programmable parameters: Low Trip Point $(\rightarrow \square | [3], [4], [5])$ Low Trip Enable

Low Trip Point Hysteresis

High Trip Point High Trip Enable

High Trip Point Hysteresis

Setpoint Mode

Adjusting setpoint SP2

The adjustment procedure is the same as for setpoint SP1.

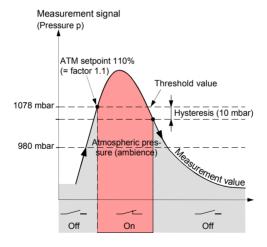


4.4 ATM Setpoint

The setpoints SP1 and SP2 of gauges with separate atmospheric pressure sensor ⁹⁾ can be programmed to atmospheric pressure setpoint (ATM setpoint) via the diagnostic port or serial interface.

The ATM setpoint is defined as a factor of the current atmospheric pressure and can be set to any pressure within the measurement range of the gauge. The relay switches when the pressure in the vacuum system has reached the defined value.

Example: ATM setpoint: 110% of the atmospheric pressure (= factor 1.1)
Switching characteristic: High Trip Point
Hysteresis: 10 mbar



⁹⁾ The atmospheric pressure sensor measures the atmospheric pressure (pressure outside the vacuum system and can be calibrated against the diaphragm capacitive sensor in the gauge (→

§ 59).

48



The current ATM threshold setting

- · can be read / written via the diagnostic port
- is output at the measurement signal output instead of the pressure signal, can be measured with a voltmeter, and is displayed on the LCD display after the <SP1> or <SP2> button is pressed
- · can be read / written via the serial interface



DANGER



DANGER: malfunction

If processes are controlled via the signal output, keep in mind that by pushing the <SP> button the measurement signal is suppressed and the corresponding threshold value is output instead. This can cause malfunctions.

Push the <SP> button only if you are sure that no damages can arise from a malfunction.

Programming ATM setpoint

Low Trip Point Hysteresis

High Trip Enable

High Trip Point Hysteresis

Setpoint Mode

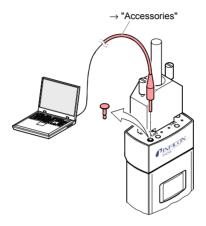
Switching characteristics of the setpoints $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 42.

Diagnostic port $\rightarrow \square$ [6].



4.5 Diagnostic Port (RS232C Interface)

The diagnostic port <DIA> permits to output the pressure reading and all status information and to enter all settings at the same time ($\rightarrow \square$ [6]).





4.6 DeviceNet Operation



Caution



Caution: data transmission errors

The attempt to operate the DeviceNet gauge with the RS232C interface causes data transmission errors

This DeviceNet gauge must not be operated with the RS232C interface.

Before the gauge is put into operation, it has to be configured for the DeviceNet. A configuration tool and the device specific EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) file are required for this purpose. This software can be downloaded via internet.

Node Address Setting

ADDRESS
$$0 \xrightarrow{2} 4 0 \xrightarrow{2} 4$$
P 6 8 6
MSD LSD

Set the node address (0 ... $63_{\rm dec}$) via the <ADDRESS>, <MSD>, and <LSD> switches (default $63_{\rm dec}$). The node address is polled by the firmware when the gauge is switched on. If the setting deviates from the stored value, the new value is taken over into the NVRAM. If a setting higher than 63 is made, the previous node address setting remains valid. If the <MSD> switch is in the <P> position, the node address is programmable via the DeviceNet ($\rightarrow \square$ [4]).



Data Rate Setting



By means of the <RATE> switch, the data rate can be set to 125 (<1>), 250 (<2>) or 500 kBaud (<5>) (default 500 kBaud).

If the switch is in the <P> position, the data rate is programmable via the DeviceNet ($\rightarrow \square$ [4]).

Status LED

Two LEDs on the gauge inform on the gauge status and the current DeviceNet status.

<STATUS MOD> (gauge status):

LED	Meaning
off	No supply
blinking green-red	Selftest
lit solid green	Normal operation
lit solid red	Non recoverable error
blinking red	Recoverable error (e.g. missing DeviceNet power supply)



<STATUS NET> (network status):

LED	Meaning
off	Gauge not online:
	Selftest not yet concluded
	No supply, → "STATUS MOD"
blinking green	Gauge online but no communication:
	Selftest concluded but no communication to other nodes established
	Gauge not assigned to any master
lit solid green	Gauge online; necessary connections established
blinking red	One or several input / output connections in "time out" status
lit solid red	Communication error. The gauge has detected an error that impedes communication via the network (e.g. two identical node addresses (MAC IC) or "Bus-off")



4.7 Profibus Operation



Caution



Caution: data transmission errors

The attempt to operate the gauge with the RS232C interface causes data transmission errors.

This gauge must not be operated with the RS232C interface.

For operating the gauge via Profibus, prior installation of the device specific GSD file is required on the bus master side. This file can be downloaded via internet

Node Address Setting

For unambiguous identification of the gauge in a Profibus environment, a node address is required. The node address setting is made on the gauge.



The node address (0 ... 125_{dec}) is set in hexadecimal form (00 ... $7D_{hex}$) via the <ADDRESS>, <MSD>, and <LSD> switches. The node address is polled by the firmware when the gauge is switched on. If the setting deviates from the stored value, the new value is taken over into the NVRAM. If a value >7 D_{hex} (>125 $_{dec}$) is entered, the node address setting currently stored in the device remains valid but it can now be defined via Profibus ("Set slave Address", $\rightarrow \square$ [5]).

Default address setting is 5Chex-



5 Deinstallation



WARNING



WARNING: fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts.

Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.



DANGER



DANGER: contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.



Caution



Caution: vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.





Caution

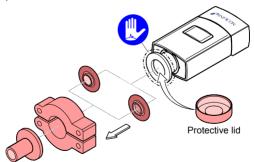


Caution: dirt sensitive area

Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.

- Vent the vacuum system.
- 2 Put the gauge out of operation.
- Untighten the fastening screw(s) and disconnect the sensor cable.
- Remove gauge from the vacuum system and install the protective lid.





6 Maintenance, Repair



Gauge failures due to contamination, as well as expendable parts (filament), are not covered by the warranty.

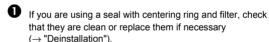
INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if any repair work is carried out by the end-user or third parties.

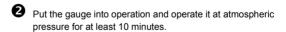
6.1 Adjusting the Gauge

The gauge is factory calibrated. Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur. Periodically check the zero and adjust it if necessary.

For adjusting the zero, operate the gauge under the same constant ambient conditions and in the same mounting orientation as normally.

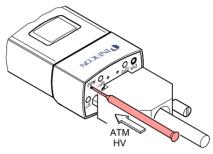
The gauge is adjusted to default values. However, it can also be adjusted to other pressure values, if the exact pressure value is known (reference measurement).







Press the <ADJ> button with a pin (max. Ø1.1 mm) and the ATM adjustment is carried out: The gauge is adjusted to 1000 mbar by default. By pressing the button >5 s the pressure value is increased towards 1200 mbar (or, by pressing it again, decreased towards 500 mbar) until the button is released or the limit is reached.



- Evacuate the vacuum system to p << 10⁻⁵ mbar and wait at least 2 minutes.
- Press the <ADJ> button with a pin and the HV adjustment is carried out: The gauge is adjusted to 5×10⁻⁵ mbar (default).
- ✓ If the pressure value 4.99×10⁻⁵ mbar is output at the measurement value output or on the LCD display, the adjustment has been successful. Otherwise, repeat the adjustment procedure.



6.2 Adjusting the Atmospheric Pressure Sensor

The ambient pressure of the gauge is measured by a separate atmospheric pressure sensor built into the electronics unit of the gauge.

The atmospheric pressure sensor can be calibrated against the diaphragm capacitive sensor in the gauge. The gauge electronics compares the output signals of the two sensors and carries out the necessary adjustments to the atmospheric pressure sensor signal.



The adjustment of the atmospheric pressure sensor can only be carried out via

- the diagnostic port (→ □ [6])
- the serial interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [3], [4], [5]).



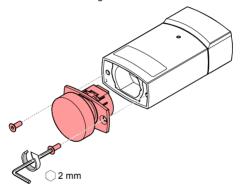
6.3 Replacing the Sensor

In case of severe contamination or a malfunction, the sensor can be replaced.

Precondition

Gauge deinstalled (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\blacksquare}{}$ 55).

 Unscrew the hexagon socket screws and remove the sensor without twisting it.



Place the new sensor without twisting it and lock it with the screws.



6.4 Troubleshooting

In case of an error, it may be helpful to just turn off the mains supply and turn it on again after $5\,\mathrm{s}$.

Problem	Possible cause	Correction
Output signal per- manently ≈0V	Sensor cable defective or not correctly connected	Check the sensor cable
	No supply voltage	Turn on the power supply
	Error	Remedy the error
	Gauge in an undefined status	Turn the gauge off and on again after 5 s (reset)
FAIL PIR1	Pirani sensor defective	Replace the sensor (→ 🗎 60)
	Electronics unit not correctly mounted on sensor	Check the connections (electronics – sensor)
FAIL CAP1	Diaphragm sensor defective	Replace the sensor (→ 🖹 60)
	Electronics unit not mounted correctly on sensor	Check the connections (electronics – sensor)
FAIL ATM1	Atmospheric pressure sensor defective	Replace the gauge
FAIL EEPROM	EEPROM error	Turn the gauge off and on again after 5 s (reset)
		Replace the gauge
FAIL SENSOR	Electronics unit not compatible with the sensor	Replace the sensor (→ 🖹 60)
		Replace the gauge



7 Returning the Product



WARNING



WARNING: forwarding contaminated products Contaminated products (e.g. radioactive, toxic, caustic or microbiological hazard) can be detrimental to health and environment.

Products returned to INFICON should preferably be free of harmful substances. Adhere to the forwarding regulations of all involved countries and forwarding companies and enclose a duly completed declaration of contamination.

Products that are not clearly declared as "free of harmful substances" are decontaminated at the expense of the customer. Products not accompanied by a duly completed declaration of contamination are returned to the sender at his own expense.



8 Disposal



DANGER



DANGER: contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.



WARNING



WARNING: substances detrimental to the environment

Products or parts thereof (mechanical and electric components, operating fluids etc.) can be detrimental to the environment

Dispose of such substances in accordance with the relevant local regulations.

Separating the components

After disassembling the product, separate its components according to the following criteria:

· Contaminated components

Contaminated components (radioactive, toxic, caustic or biological hazard etc.) must be decontaminated in accordance with the relevant national regulations, separated according to their materials, and disposed of.

Other components

Such components must be separated according to their materials and recycled.



9 Accessories

	Ordering No.
Centering ring with fine filter DN 16 ISO-KF	303-333
Communication adapter (2 m) 10)	303-333

¹⁰⁾ The diagnostic software (Windows NT, XP) can be downloaded from our website.



10 Spare Parts

When ordering spare parts, always indicate:

- all information on the product nameplate
- · description and ordering number

Sen	sor for gauge with tungsten (W) filament Ordering No.		
	3PC1-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	357-925
	3PC6-0x1-xxxx	DIN 10 ISO-KF	357-925
	3PC1-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	357-926
	3PC6-0x2-xxxx	DIV 10 130-KI , long tube	337-920
	3PC1-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	357-927
	3PC6-0x4-xxxx	DIV 10 CI -I	337-927
	3PC1-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R, long tube	357-928
	3PC6-0x5-xxxx	DIN 16 CF-R, long tube	337-926
	3PC1-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	357-929
0	3PC6-0x6-xxxx	DN 23 130-KI	337-929
-CG550	3PC1-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	357-932
ပ္ထ	3PC6-0xD-xxxx	4 VOIX letitale	337-932
_	3PC1-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	357-931
	3PC6-0xE-xxxx	o voix icinaic	337-331
	3PC1-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	357-930
	3PC6-0xF-xxxx	1/O INFT	337-930
	3PC1-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	357-934
	3PC6-0xK-xxxx	29~29 111111	337-334
	3PC1-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	357-935
	3PC6-0xM-xxxx	7 VOIC 30 IGIIIAIC	337-333
	3PC1-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	357-933
	3PC6-0xN-xxxx	1710-20 OINI IIIaic	301-933



Sen	Sensor for gauge with nickel (Ni) filament Ordering No.			
	3PC2-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	357-936	
	3PC7-0x1-xxxx	DIN 10 15U-KF	357-936	
	3PC2-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	357-937	
	3PC7-0x2-xxxx	DIN 16 150-KF, long tube	357-937	
	3PC2-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	357-938	
	3PC7-0x4-xxxx	DIN 10 CF-F	357-936	
	3PC2-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R, long tube	357-939	
	3PC7-0x5-xxxx	DIN 16 CF-R, long tube	357-939	
	3PC2-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	257.040	
CI.	3PC7-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 15U-KF	357-940	
PCG552	3PC2-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	257.042	
ပ္ပ	3PC7-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR remaie	357-943	
ш	3PC2-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	357-942	
	3PC7-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR remaie		
	3PC2-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	257.044	
	3PC7-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	357-941	
	3PC2-0xK-xxxx	00.00	057.045	
	3PC7-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	357-945	
	3PC2-0xM-xxxx	4 VCD 00° female	257.040	
	3PC7-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	357-946	
	3PC2-0xN-xxxx	7/40 00 LINE	257.044	
	3PC7-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	357-944	



Sen	sor for gauge with	Al ₂ O ₃ coated filament	Ordering No.
	3PC3-0x1-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF	357-947
	3PC8-0x1-xxxx	DIN 10 15U-KF	357-947
	3PC3-0x2-xxxx	DN 16 ISO-KF, long tube	357-948
	3PC8-0x2-xxxx	DIN 10 130-KF, long tube	337-946
	3PC3-0x4-xxxx	DN 16 CF-F	357-949
	3PC8-0x4-xxxx	DIN 10 CF-F	357-949
	3PC3-0x5-xxxx	DN 16 CF-R long tube	357-950
	3PC8-0x5-xxxx	DIN 16 CF-R long tube	357-950
	3PC3-0x6-xxxx	DN 05 100 KE	257.054
4	3PC8-0x6-xxxx	DN 25 ISO-KF	357-951
PCG554	3PC3-0xD-xxxx	4 VCR female	357-954
ပ္ပ	3PC8-0xD-xxxx	4 VOR lettiale	357-954
ш	3PC3-0xE-xxxx	8 VCR female	357-953
	3PC8-0xE-xxxx	o von lettiale	357-953
	3PC3-0xF-xxxx	4/OII NIDT	055.050
	3PC8-0xF-xxxx	1/8" NPT	357-952
	3PC3-0xK-xxxx	0000	257.050
	3PC8-0xK-xxxx	29×29 mm	357-956
	3PC3-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90° female	257.057
	3PC8-0xM-xxxx	4 VCR 90" temale	357-957
	3PC3-0xN-xxxx	7/16-20 UNF male	257.055
	3PC8-0xN-xxxx	1/10-20 UNF IIIale	357-955



Further Information

[1] www.inficon.com
Operating Manual
Single-Channel Controller VGC401
tinb01d1 German
tinb01e1 English
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

[2] www.inficon.com Operating Manual Two and Three Channel Measurement and Control Unit VGC402, VGC403 tinb07d1 German tinb07e1 English INFICON AG. LI-9496 Balzers. Liechtenstein

[3] www.inficon.com
Communication Protocol
Serial Interface RS232C, RS485C
PCG55x, PSG55x
tira59d1 German
tira59e1 English
INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

□ [4] www.inficon.com
Communication Protocol
DeviceNet™ PCG55x, PSG55x
tira58e1 English
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

www.inficon.com
 Communication Protocol
 Profibus PCG55x, PSG55x
 tira56e1 English
 INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

☐ [6] www.inficon.com
Operating Manual
Diagnostics Software
tina62d1 German
tina62e1 English
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein



- □ [7] Common Industrial Protocol (CIP™) Ed. 3.5 and DeviceNet™ Adaption of CIP Ed. 1.6 (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association)
- [9] IEC 61158 Type 3 elements: Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications
 IEC 61784: Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus profiles
- ☐ [10] www.profibus.com
 Profibus user organization



Declaration of Contamination

The service, repair, and/or disposal of vacuum equipment and components will only be carried out if a correctly completed declaration has been submitted. Non-completion will result in delay.

This declaration may only be completed (in block letters) and signed by authorized and qualified staff.

Type	f product	9	Reason for r	eturn		
Part number		$=$ \leftarrow				
Serial number		= − ⁄				
					`—	
		•			<u>/</u>	
		€	Operating flu	id(s) used (Must be	drained b	efore shipping.)
		_				
		•		7	<i>]</i>	
		9	Used in copp			
			no □ y			plastic bag and rresponding label.
		_		- Illaik	IL WILLT & CO	responding label.
		_		- 4		
		6	Process rola	ted contamination	of produc	4.
			toxic	no 🗆 1)	ves 🗆	·t.
			caustic	no 🗆 1)	yes 🗆	
			biological haza		yes □ 2	
			explosive radioactive	no 🗆 no 🗅	yes □ 2 yes □ 2	
				ubstances no 🗆 1)	yes □ 2	' / • \
	e product is free of any s inces which are damagin					
		es 🗆 🔭	4) as not con	taining any amount	2	 Products thus contam nated will not be ac-
_	·			taining any amount ous residues that		cepted without written
1			exceed the	permissible ex-		evidence of decontam
1			posure lim	its		nation.
0					- √/-	
	Harmful substance	es, gases and/	or by-products	3		
	Please list all substar		by-products which	h the product may have		
	Trade/product name	Chemical name		Precautions associated with substance	1	Action if human contact
		(or symbol)		With Substance		
				1		
			_{)		
	ng declaration:			}		
We hereby dec	clare that the information					y further costs that may
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EC Declaration of Conformity



We, INFICON, hereby declare that the equipment mentioned below complies with the provisions of the Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility 2004/108/EC.

Pirani Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge

PCG550, PCG552, PCG554

Standards

Harmonized and international / national standards and specifications:

- EN 61000-6-2:2005 (EMC: generic immunity standard)
- EN 61000-6-3:2007 (EMC: generic emission standard)
- EN 61010-1:2001 (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2006 (EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

Manufacturer / Signatures

INFICON AG, Alte Landstrasse 6, LI-9496 Balzers

19 February 2010 19 February 2010

Dr. Urs Wälchli Claudio Christoffel Managing Director Product Manager

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